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SITE VISIT ITINERARY



- 10:00am Medical evaluation/Safety video
- 10:15am Presentation
- 11.30am Mine visit
- 1:30pm Plant visit
- 2:30pm Lunch
- 3:00pm Return to Chalhuanca

SAFETY: LONG-TERM CULTURE TRANSFORMATION PLAN 2019





4 pillars of our Long-Term Safety Plan

Risk Management System (RMS)

- COO attended the DNV-GL Global meeting in April 2019
- Working in collaboration with DNV to customize RMS for use in mining industry
- New safety observation tool, developed by mid-management, fully adapted for use as Mobile App



Leadership Programme

- Onsite personnel receiving training from DuPont and Consulta
- Training programme for middlemanagement continues; 2018 intake undertaking mentoring programme; 2019 intake has begun leadership programme
- HOC VPs and Corporate managers are giving leadership talks

Safety Plan Communications Support

- Hochschild Purpose and new corporate values campaign has been implemented
- Recognition culture has been reinforced
- Cultural Transformation Plan supporting activities are ongoing

Mines' Annual Training Programme

- Revision of Induction programme in progress
- "Day 7" training sessions continue with good results
- Two-year training for rescue brigades continues

SAFETY CULTURE TRANSFORMATION PLAN: IMPACT



The number of high potential events decreased by 50%

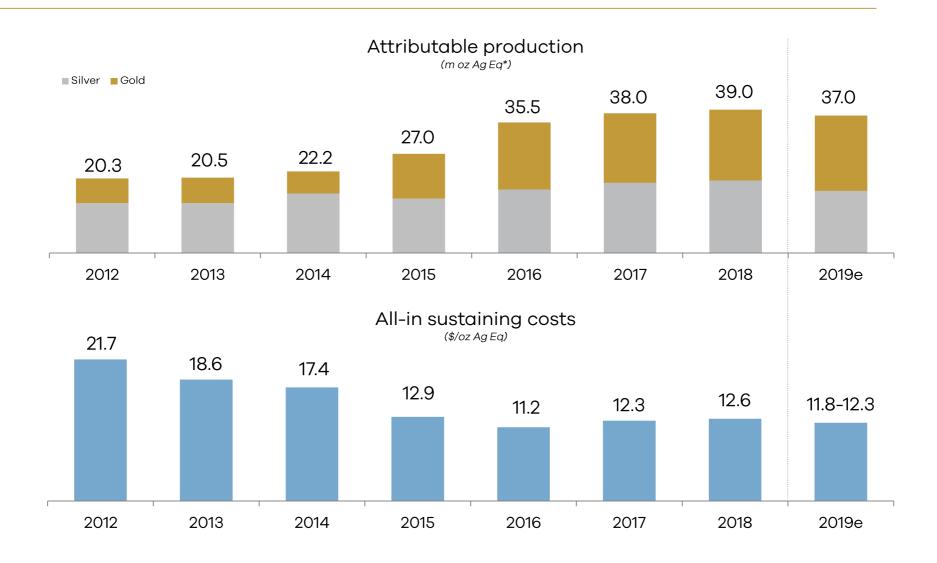
Mines	As of 31 st May 2018	As of 31 st May 2019
Arcata	2	1
Inmaculada	5	1
Pallancata / Selene	2	4
San José	3	0
TOTAL	12	6

• 76% Reduction in lost time accidents from 2018 to 2019

Mines	As of 31 st May 2018	As of 31 st May 2019
Arcata	7	0
Inmaculada	4	1
Pallancata / Selene	8	3
San José	2	1
TOTAL	21	5

HOCHSCHILD: A HISTORY OF OPERATIONAL SUCCESS





Production growth and cost controls centre stage

OUR GROWTH STRATEGY





- LOM increases
- Improve quality of resources
- Spare capacity available



2 GREENFIELD

- Streamlining portfolio
- Staking properties
- Progressing drill-ready projects



- Optimising early-stage projects
- Further drilling
- Evaluating new technologies



- Early-stage
- Control (Acquisition/JVs)
- Geological upside
- ROIC:12-15%

SHAREHOLDER RETURNS

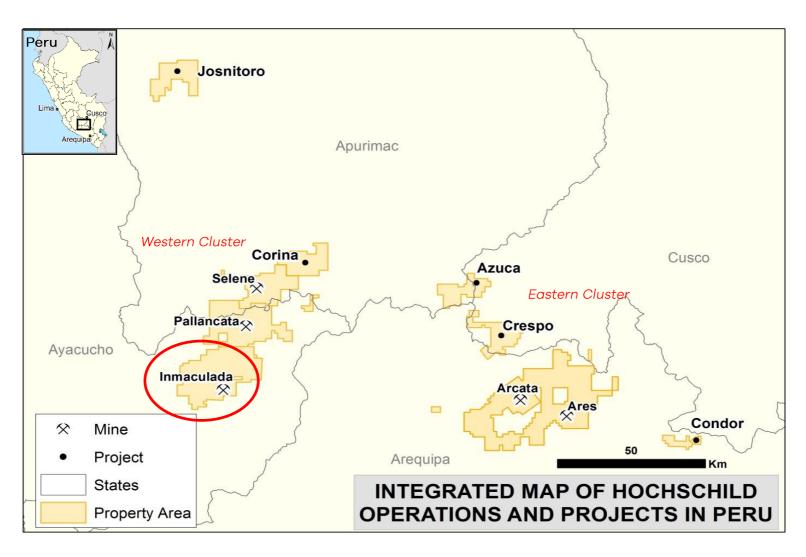
Enhance current portfolio

Develop growth options

Create valuable optionality

SOUTHERN PERU CLUSTER: COMPETITIVE ADVANTAGE





Hochschild focuses on geological districts

INMACULADA INTRODUCTION



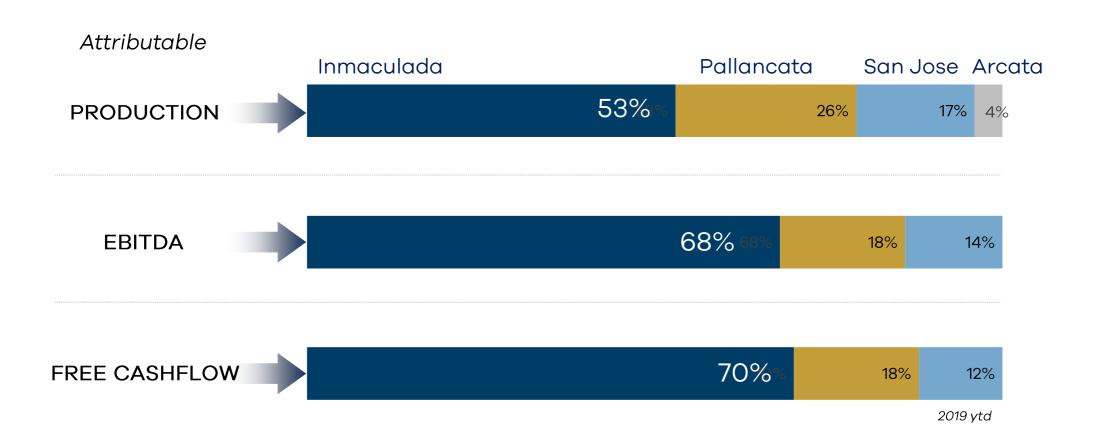
Ownership	100%
Location	Ayacucho, Peru
Altitude (masl)	4,400m
Operation	Underground
Plant Capacity	3,850 tpd
Annual Production	230-250,000oz Au Eq
Product	70%: Au/30%: Ag dore
AISC	\$790-830/oz Au Eq
P&P Reserves (2018)	0.8m oz Au Eq
M&I Resources (2018)	1.0moz Au Eq
Inferred Resources (2018)	1.6moz Au Eq



- Construction and ramp-up in record time
- World class fully automated operation
- Great geological potential

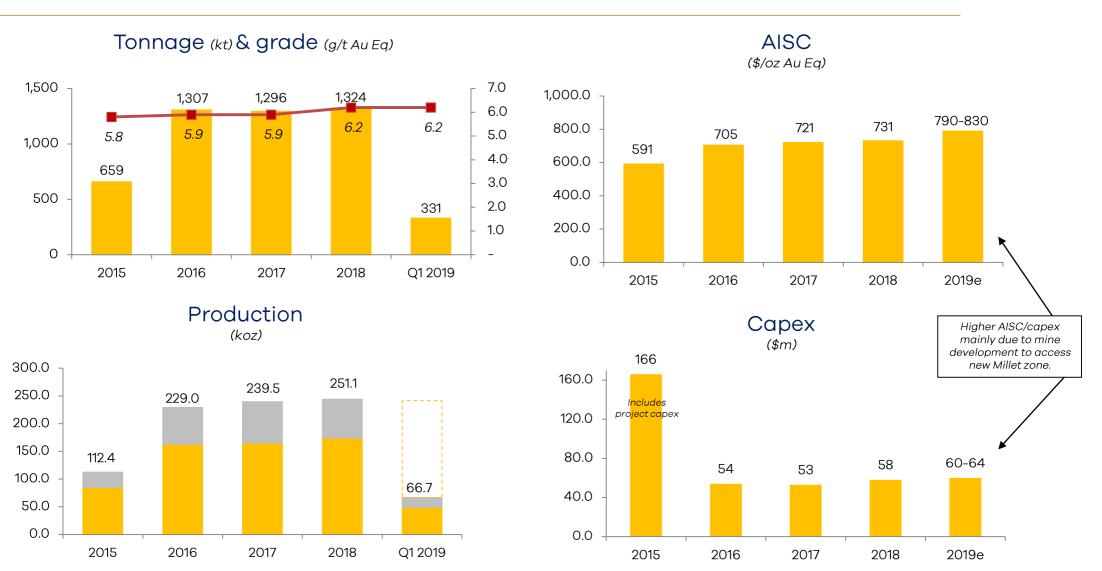
SIGNIFICANCE OF INMACULADA





CONSISTENT METRICS

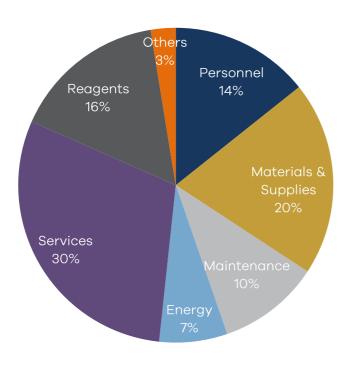




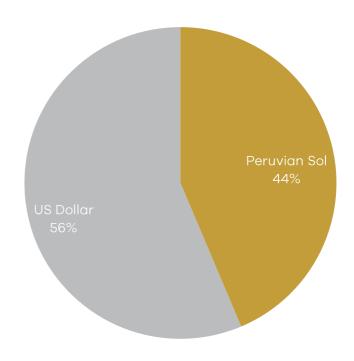
INMACULADA COST AND CURRENCY SPLIT



Operating Cost Split



Currency Split



INMACULADA: DEVELOPMENT TIMELINE



Year	Company	Comments
1991	Mitsui	Stakes property
1994	Hochschild	 Acquires claims from Mitsui for \$70,000 JV with LAC Minerals but no major work is performed
1995-1998	Hochschild	JV with North MiningMapping/sampling of old workings
1998-2005	Hochschild	 Access constructed Mapping/geophysics completed 40+ outcropping veins identified 10,000m drilling in approx. 45 holes Mineralisation but no continuity
2007	Ventura Gold - later acquired by IMZ Minerals (IMZ)	 Agreement with Hochschild to drill 25,000m in exchange for 51% (Hochschild keeps back-in rights)
2009	IMZ	 Non-outcropping Angela vein discovered Core drilling begins to delineate resources.
Dec 2010	Acquisition of control of Inmaculada (49% to 60%)	 Cash: \$15m Initial capex carry: First \$100m IMZ share acquisition: \$20m
Jan 2012	Inmaculada Feasibility Study announced	
Dec 2013 – Jan 2014	IMZ Acquisition for \$280m and Inmaculada project capex financing.	Equity Placing: \$72mSenior Note: \$350m
Jun 2015	Inmaculada begins operations	
Aug 2018	Discovery: Millet Area	• 102moz Ag Eq of additional resources added 13

KEY FACTORS FOR SUCCESSFUL CONSTRUCTION



General

- Fast track project execution
- Feasibility Study/Basic Engineering done by Ausenco Ltd
- Highly experienced internal project team overseeing from start
 Metallurgical/geotechnical tests done according to QA/QC protocols
- Highly experienced, multi-disciplinary legal team delivered all permit approvals to coincide with project execution

Engineering & design

- Feasibility Study focused on cost efficiencies/capex reduction e.g. curved conveyor belt
- Detailed mine engineering, including mine planning, mining methods, dewatering, ventilation, energy
- Basic plant engineering 70% complete to reduce EPC risk during the tendering process

Construction

- Mine developments completed 1yr+ ahead of plant construction
- 200,000t of stockpile available
- Power ready 8 months prior to plant commissioning
- Single EPC contract to complete all engineering studies & build/commission plant
- Strong PMO external team + internal project team supervising

INMACULADA CONSTRUCTION



Start (2014)



In progress (2014 - 2015)



Completed (2015)



SITE LAYOUT





INMACULADA MINE



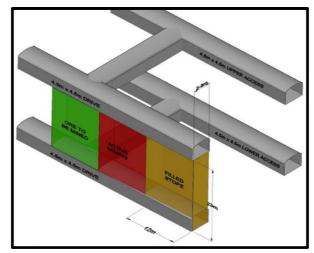
MINING METHODS

Transversal Open Stoping

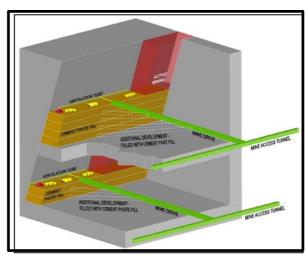
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Longitudinal Open Stoping



Cut and Fill



- Production has historically come mainly from the Angela vein
- Exploitation areas are located mainly at three different levels (4300, 4400, 4500m a.s.l)
- The mine has 3 main accesses, which are interconnected
- The mine is backfilled with a mix of tailings and cement

MINE OPERATION



• Exploitation: Jumbo drilling (mechanised equipment)





MINE INFRASTRUCTURE





 Underground infrastructure includes roads, pumping and electric substations, dinning rooms, offices and maintenance workshops





PLANT

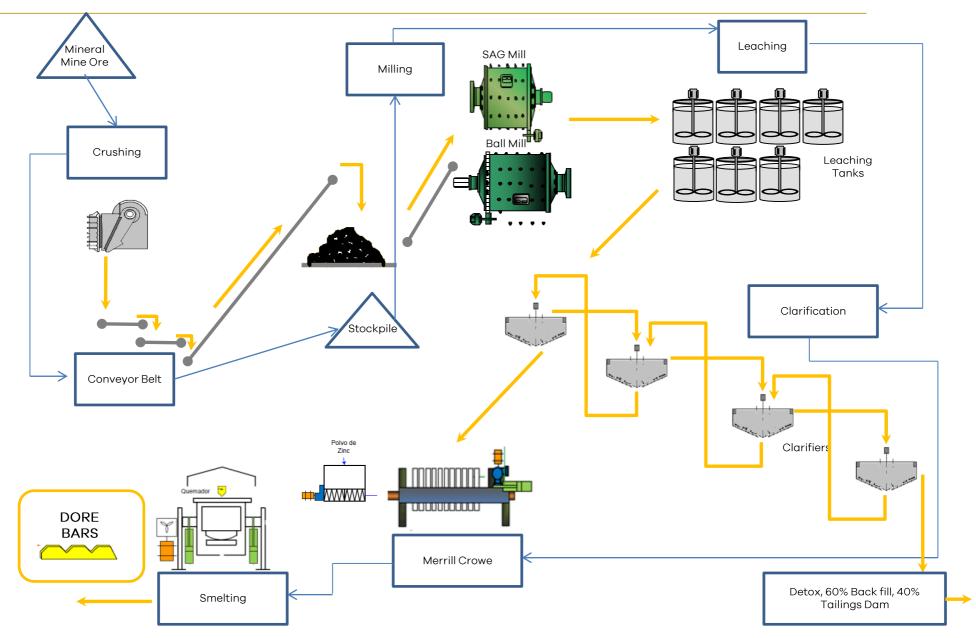


- Inmaculada plant treats 3,850 tonnes per day (10% over the feasibility study)
- High metallurgical recoveries achieved (Au: 94% 96% / Ag: 81% 85%)
- Grades are better than those expected from the feasibility study
- Main Plant Processes are:
 - A. Crushing
 - B. Milling
 - C. Leaching
 - D. Clarifying
 - E. Merrill Crowe
 - F. Smelting
 - G. Detoxification plant



PLANT FLOW SHEET







A. Crushing System at the entrance of the mine





A.1. Conveyor Belt from the crushing system (mine) to the Stock Pile (plant)





B. Milling Plant (Ball Mill & SAG Mill)





C. Leaching Tanks (cyanide process)





D. Clarifying System





E. Merrill Crowe





F. Smelting





G. Detoxification





Paste Backfill Plant





Tailings Dam



INMACULADA PRODUCTION



- Current reserves: approx. 4mt @ 6.5g/t Au Eq mostly from Angela vein
- New resources discovered in 2018: approx. 9mt @ 4.0g/t Au Eq from Millet and other new veins
- Current infill drilling improving grades at Millet and other veins
- Engineering for new veins already commenced
- Ore sorting tests progressing well with potential for further grade improvements
- Further new areas surrounding Angela also beginning to yield encouraging results

MINE DIGITALISATION PROJECT



- Mine digitalisation project being assessed
- Subject to pilot scheme (April 2019), full scale implementation will follow
- Sensor and system development by end June
- Data collection concluding in August
- ROI report and decision due in Sept

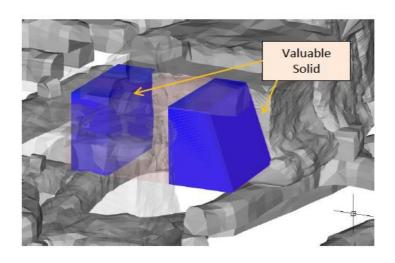


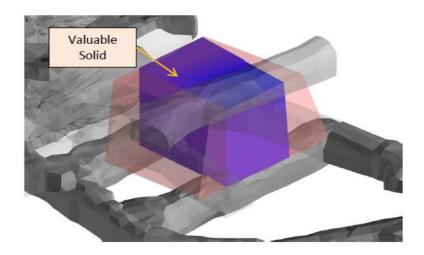


DESWICK SOFTWARE IMPLEMENTATION



- Technology designs process for cutting veins in a way that maximises economic return
- Calculations involve geometry, ounces, grade, dilution and other data points significantly improving on more traditional methods
- Phase 1 fully implemented in 2018
- Starting this month, Inmaculada's weekly/monthly mine programmes will be developed using Deswick
- Time efficiencies already being reported

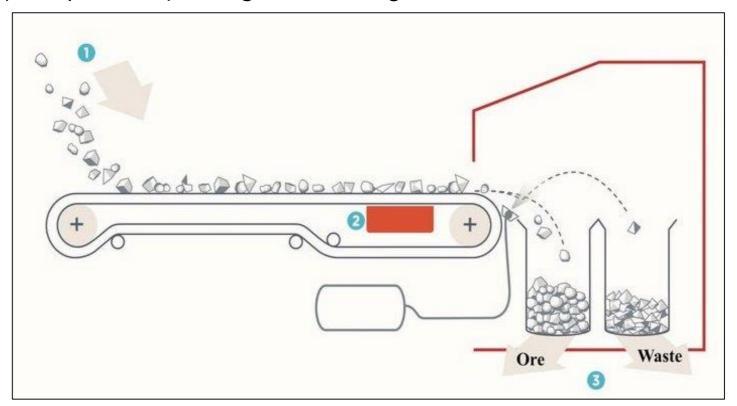




ORE SORTING: OBJECTIVE



- Sorting technology used in other industries is now being applied to complex minerals
- Sorters use XR-T, laser and colour sensors to distinguish ore from waste rocks
- After detection by sensors, the ore rocks are categorised and ejected to their respective bins by high pressure air nozzles
- Waste material is discarded prior to plant processing reducing costs, increasing plant capacity and improving treatment grades



ORE SORTING IN ACTION





ORE SORTING: INMACULADA



New Resources					
Resources (Mt)	9.3				
Au Eq g/t	4.3				
Au Eq. M Oz	1.3				
LOM (years)	7.1				

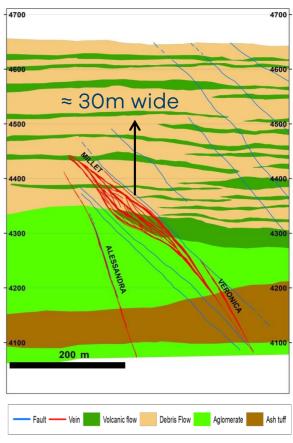
- New resources in Inmaculada could be materially improved using Ore Sorting
- Wide structures e.g. Millet will be very productive and OS will allow separation of not only mining dilution but also internal structural waste
- Approximate sensitivity analysis is presented below to see potential outcomes



Ore Sorting Sensitivity Analysis (Example)

Total Waste in Feed	20% V	Waste	30% \	Waste	40% Waste		
Resources (Mt)	8.2	-12%	7.6	-18%	7.1	-24%	
Au Eq. g/t	4.7	+10%	5.1	+18%	5.5	+28%	
Au Eq. M Oz	1.2	-3%	1.2	-3%	1.2	-3%	
LOM (years)	6.2	-12%	5.8	-18%	5.4	-24%	

Millet Structure



ORE SORTING: SUMMARY



<u>Progress to date</u>

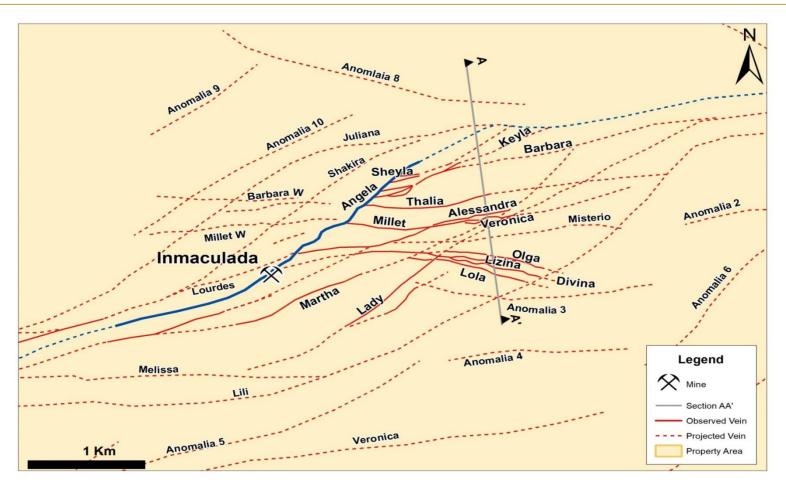
- Sorting equipment tested in bulk at Tomra and Steinert in Germany with Inmaculada ore
- Encouraging results displaying significant:
 - Mass reduction (-16%)
 - Grade improvement (+12%)
 - Ore recovery (97.6%)
- Submitted documentation for environmental permitting

Next Steps

- Improving sorting efficiencies by optimising:
 - Sorting algorithm to maximize ore recovery and waste rejection
 - Rock sizing in mining and pre-processing
- Selecting sorter provider
- Pilot-scale testing
- Engineering bidding + execution
- Plant construction

INMACULADA EXPLORATION IN 2018

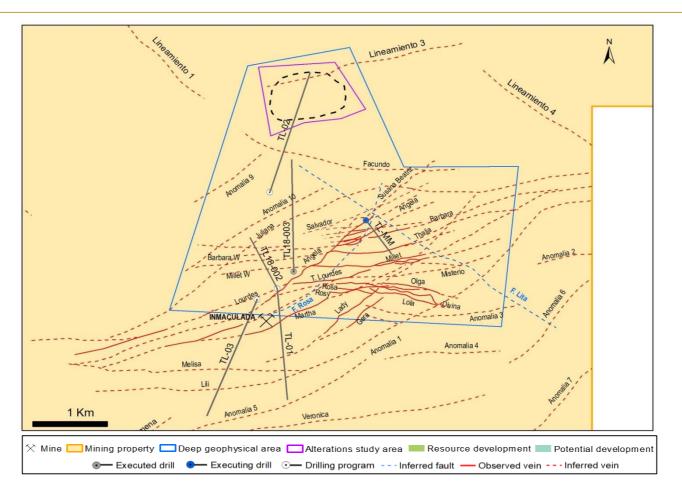




- Drilling programme added 102moz Ag Eq (1.3moz Au Eq)
- Close to existing infrastructure + excellent widths
- Low incorporation cost

INMACULADA EXPLORATION 2019

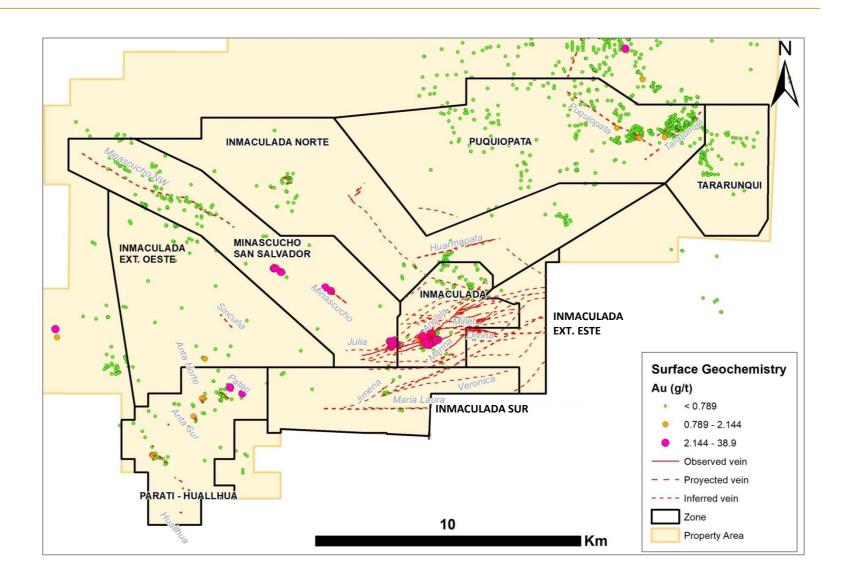




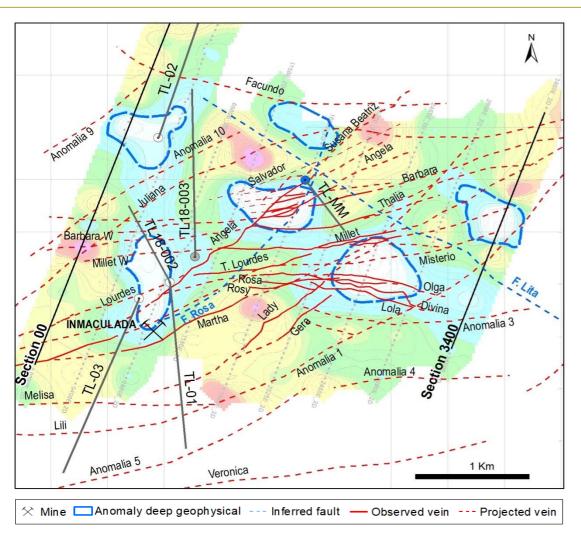
- Surface drilling focused on adding further resources from North Angela/Ramal IV
- Long-hole programme to explore north-west and south of Angela
- Geophysics to explore deeper mineralisation below Angela

LONG-TERM REGIONAL EXPLORATION PLAN





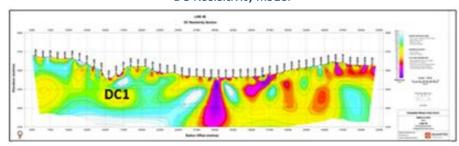




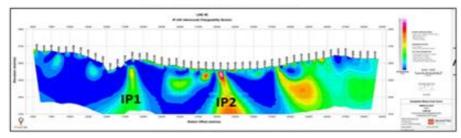
- Magnetotelluric (MT) model show relationship between the resistivity and mineralization zones
- MT anomaly seems to indicate a resistive zone at depth associated with quartz-carbonate veins systems e.g. Millet, Thalia, Susana Beatriz and Facundo
- MT anomalies related to gold and silver mineralization ranged from 250 to 500Ω .m
- Five areas identified we are familiar with two of them with another three to explore



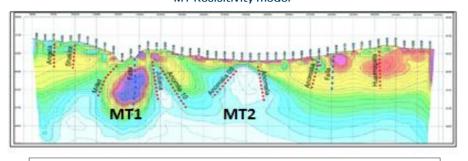




IP Chargeability model



MT Resisitivity model



Inferred fault

Observed vein --- Projected vein

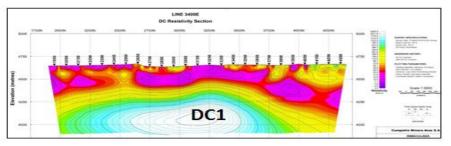
Section 00

- MT model clearly highlights a more conductive zone MT1 along L000E. This zone can be correlated with the more conductive DC1 features and also the more chargeable zone IP1. These anomalies may be related to the interception of Millet West with the Juliana veins
- The MT2 anomaly seems to indicate the significant depth of a resistive zone. This high resistivity zone can be correlated with the more chargeable zone IP2.
 These anomalies could be related to intrusive rocks with Diorite + Pyrite composition
- There are small resistivity zones near surface such features correlate with vein mineralization e.g.
 Facundo and Huarmapata veins

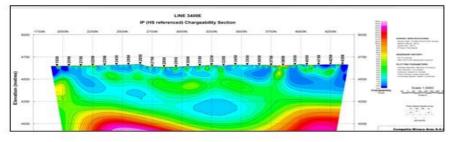


Section 3400

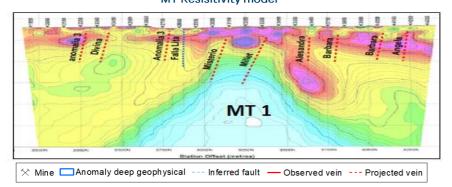
DC Resisitivity model



IP Chargeability model

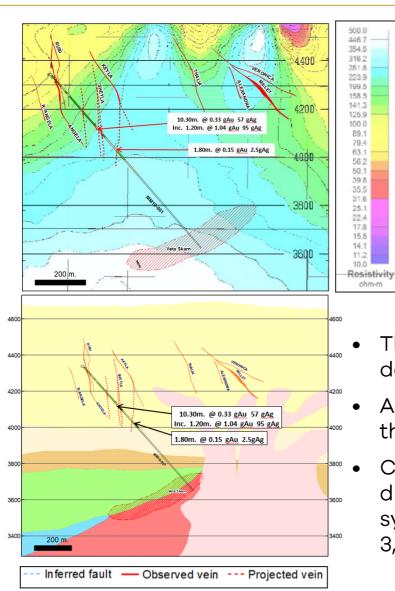


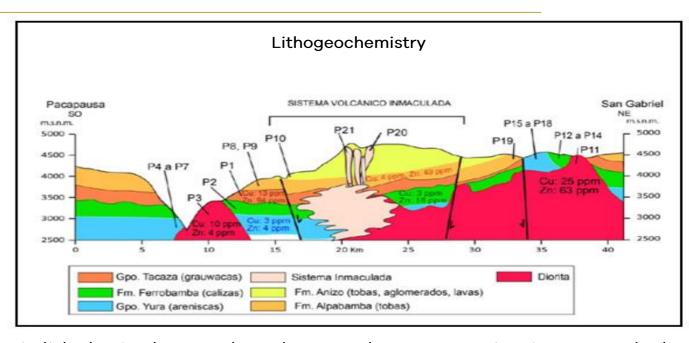
MT Resisitivity model



- High resistivity zone MT1 can be correlated with more resistive zone DC1. These anomalies could be related to a deep feeder target
- The IP model shows small and moderate chargeability zones near surface - correlated with vein mineralization or alteration zones



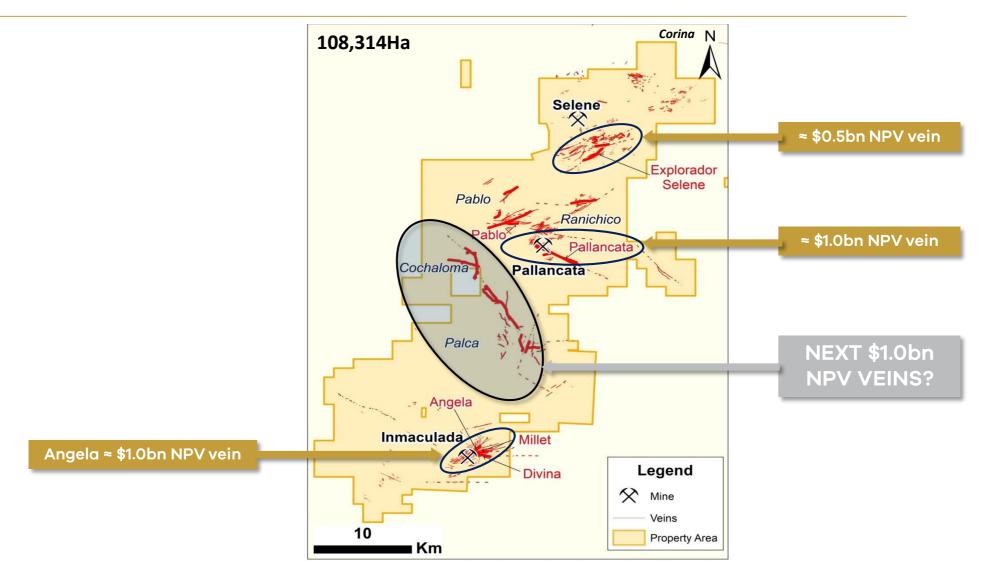




- There is lithological control on the metal concentration in Inmaculada deposit
- Au-Ag enrichment results from hydrothermal processes generated by thermal heat due to the Cs-U-Th-K radioactivity of rhyolitic porphyries
- Cu-Au-Zn occurrence is related to fusion of the contact zone between diorites, limestones and sandstones (skarn type) by the Inmaculada system's felsic magmas. Skarn zone could be between 3,650 and 3,800m given the high resistivity values

PALLANCATA/INMACULADA DISTRICT 2019-2021

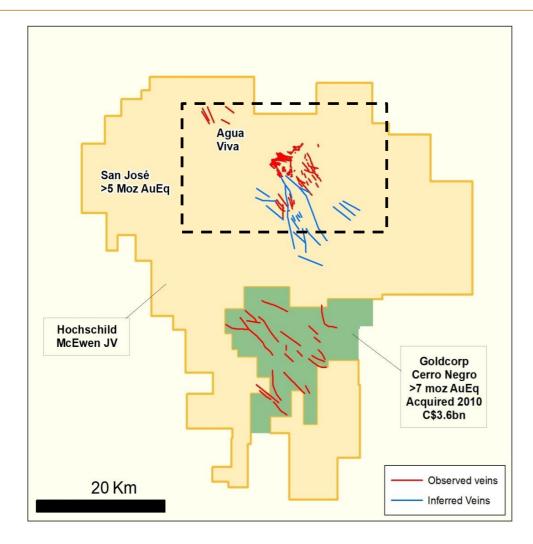


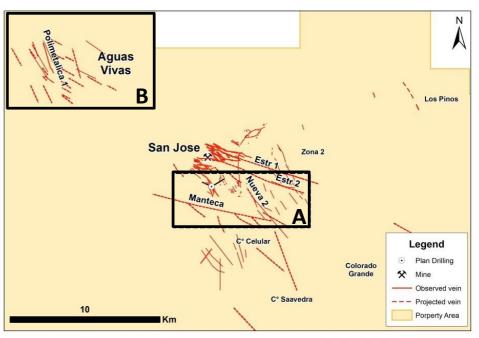


District potential underpins LOM increase

SAN JOSE







- 2019: 2 areas of focus: San Jose South and Aguas Vivas
- San Jose South (A): Underground long-hole drilling campaign underway to identify major structures
- Aguas Vivas (B): Potential polymetallic sulphide deposit with gold, silver, lead and zinc
- Further opportunities in wider district

COMMUNITY RELATIONS



Main Objectives

- Build trust & develop long-term relationship with our communities
- Ensure purposeful presence in the area
- Ensure conditions for growth strategy



Initiatives Implemented

- Suppliers and employment opportunities
- Support education programmes
- Provide access to technology
- Secure central govt financing for infrastructure projects/services in local towns and communities

Social Responsibility Programmes









SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY PROGRAMMES



Médico de Cabecera



Business networking



Farming programme



Maestro Líder



Digital centres



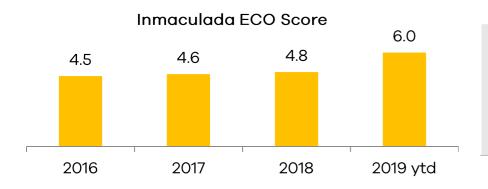
Direct support



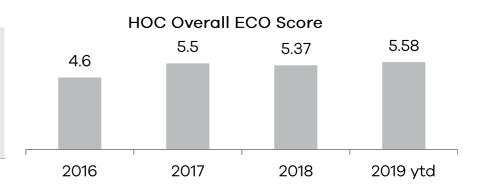
ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT - OVERVIEW



- Committed to being an environmental performance leader
- Robust Corporate Environmental Policy
- Diverse and highly professional team
- Best in class environmental controls with rigorous audits in place
- Environmental Corporate Objective (ECO Score) management and employees accountable for environmental performance
- Excellent results 3 years in a row
- Established 11 water monitoring points sampling over 2,000 parameters each year in compliance with applicable permissible levels
- Reduced water consumption by 33% and reduced waste generation by 44% since 2016







ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT



Operations

- Environmental controls in place across all mine site:
 - Downstream TSF with cyanide concentration below 50ppm in line with the International Cyanide Code
 - Black, grey, industrial, and potable water plants, engineered landfill, contact and non contact water management

Regulator

No outstanding findings by Peruvian environmental regulator (OEFA)

Permits

- All operating facilities permitted and currently securing operating permit for Millet vein
- 48 platforms approved since 2018; permits for 199 additional platforms underway



ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT - INFRASTRUCTURE





Camp and wastewater treatment plant



Domestic wastewater treatment plant



Potable water treatment plant



Water monitoring

CONCLUSION



- Inmaculada is the Hochschild flagship and is delivering material LOM increases
- Exciting 2019 drilling programme ongoing
- Expanding resource base expected to increase further
- Ore sorting tests progressing well with potential for material grade improvements
- Safety Culture Transformation plan delivering significant impact
- Best in class operation following highest environmental standards



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RESERVES AND RESOURCES



AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2018

Reserve category	Tonnes (t)	Ag (g/t)	Au (g/t)	Ag (moz)	Au (koz)	Ag Eq (moz)
Proved	2,700,618	153	4.4	13.3	378.3	43.9
Probable	1,195,838	205	4.4	7.9	170.9	21.7
Total	3,896,456	169	4.4	21.2	549.2	65.6

Resource category	Tonnes (t)	Ag (g/t)	Au (g/t)	Ag (moz)	Au (koz)	Ag Eq (moz)
Measured	2,532,000	190	5.34	15.4	434.7	50.7
Indicated	1,430,000	248	5.25	11.4	241.2	30.9
Total	3,962,000	211	5.31	26.8	676.0	81.6
Inferred	11,505,000	102	3.12	37.7	1,154.1	131.1