

Cautionary Notes

CAUTIONARY NOTE ON FORWARD LOOKING INFORMATION

This document may contain "forward-looking information" within the meaning of Canadian securities legislation and "forwardlooking statements" within the meaning of the United States Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 (collectively, "forward-looking statements"). These forward-looking statements are made as of the date of this document and Capstone Mining Corp. (the "Company") does not intend, and does not assume any obligation, to update these forward-looking statements, except as required under applicable securities legislation. Forward-looking statements relate to future events or future performance and reflect Company management's expectations or beliefs regarding future events and include, but are not limited to, statements with respect to the estimation of mineral reserves and mineral resources, the conversion of mineral resources to mineral reserves, the ability to successfully complete the strategic review process, the ability to further enhance the value of the project, the expected timing for commencement of construction of the Santo Domingo project, the market for project debt, Capstone's ability to raise its equity contribution to the project, the realization of mineral reserve estimates, the timing and amount of estimated future production, costs of production, capital and construction expenditures, success of mining operations, environmental risks, the timing of the receipt of permits, the timing and terms of a power purchase agreement, unanticipated reclamation expenses, title disputes or claims and limitations on insurance coverage. In certain cases, forwardlooking statements can be identified by the use of words such as "plans", "expects" or "does not expect", "is expected", "outlook", "budget", "scheduled", "estimates", "forecasts", "intends", "anticipates" or "does not anticipate", or "believes", or variations of such words and phrases or statements that certain actions, events or results "may", "could", "would", "might" or "will be taken", "occur" or "be achieved" or the negative of these terms or comparable terminology. In this document certain forward-looking statements are identified by words including "explore", "potential", "will", "scheduled", "plan", "planned", "estimates", "estimated", "estimate", "projections", "projected", "await receipt" and "expected". Forward-looking statements are based on a number of assumptions which may prove incorrect, including, but not limited to, the development potential of the Santo Domingo project and current and future commodity prices and exchange rates. By their very nature forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause the actual results, performance or achievements of the Company to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements. Such factors include, among others, changes in project parameters as plans continue to be refined; future prices of commodities; possible variations in mineral resources and reserves, grade or recovery rates; accidents; dependence on key personnel; labour pool constraints; labour disputes; availability of infrastructure required for the development of mining projects; delays in obtaining governmental approvals, financing or in the completion of development or construction activities; objections by the communities or environmental lobby of the Santo Domingo mine and associated infrastructure and other risks of the mining industry as well as those factors detailed from time to time in the Company's interim and annual financial statements and management's discussion and analysis of those statements, all of which are filed and available for review on SEDAR at www.sedar.com. Although the Company has attempted to identify important factors that could cause actual actions, events or results to differ materially from those described in forward-looking statements, there may be other factors that cause actions, events or results not to be as anticipated, estimated or intended. There can be no assurance that forward-looking statements will prove to be accurate, as actual results and future events could differ materially from those anticipated in such statements. Accordingly, readers should not place undue reliance on forward looking statements.

FOOTNOTES

For full details on Santo Domingo, refer to the Company's news release "Capstone Presents a Robust Cobalt Production Option to the Santo Domingo 2019 Technical Report With a 2020 Preliminary Economic Assessment" on January 20, 2020, available on SEDAR or the Company's website at www.capstonemining.com.

NATIONAL INSTRUMENT 43-101

A National Instrument 43-101 ("NI 43-101") Technical Report will be prepared to summarize the results of the Base Case by the Qualified Persons and will be filed on SEDAR within 45 days of the January 19, 2020 news release and will include a 2020 PEA Opportunity study of an alternative development option that summarizes the Cu-Fe-Au circuit at a conceptual level and adds a cobalt recovery circuit, based on Measured and Indicated Mineral Resources only. Readers are cautioned that the conclusions, projections and estimates set out in this presentation are subject to important qualifications, assumptions and exclusions, all of which will be detailed in the 2020 technical report. To fully understand the summary information set out above, the 2020 technical report that will be filed on SEDAR at www.sedar.com should be read in its entirety.

QUALIFIED PERSONS

The following Qualified Persons ("QPs"), as defined by NI 43-101 are independent from Capstone (except as noted below) and have reviewed and approved the content of the January 19, 2020 news release, that certain content in this presentation is based on, that is based on content from their respective portions of the 2020 technical report:

- Joyce Maycock, P. Eng., Amec Foster Wheeler Ingeniería y Construcción Limitada, a Wood company
- Antonio Luraschi, CMC, Amec Foster Wheeler Ingeniería y Construcción Limitada, a Wood company
- Marcial Mendoza, CMC, Amec Foster Wheeler Ingeniería y Construcción Limitada, a Wood company
- · Mario Bianchin, P. Geo., Amec Foster Wheeler Ingeniería y Construcción Limitada, a Wood company
- Roy G. Betinol, P. Eng., BRASS Chile S.A
- Carlos Guzmán, CMC, FAusIMM, NCL Ingeniería y Construcción Ltda
- Roger Amelunxen, APEG, Aminpro Chile
- Tom Kerr, P. Eng., Knight Piésold S. A.
- David Rennie, P. Eng., Roscoe Postle Associates Inc.
- Michael Gingles, MMSA, Sunrise Americas
- Gregg Bush, P. Eng. (Non-Independent)
- Lyn Jones, P. Eng., MPlan International

ALTERNATIVE PERFORMANCE MEASURES

"C1 Cash Costs" and "Total Project Operating Cost" are Alternative Performance Measures. These performance measures are included because these statistics are key performance measures that management uses to monitor performance. Management uses these statistics to assess how the Company is performing to plan and to assess the overall effectiveness and efficiency of mining operations. These performance measures do not have a meaning within International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") and, therefore, amounts presented may not be comparable to similar data presented by other mining companies. These performance measures should not be considered in isolation as a substitute for measures of performance in accordance with IFRS.

CURRENCY

All amounts are in US\$ unless otherwise specified.

Key Highlights

- Received all critical permits to start construction including approved mine closure plan
- Base Case¹ Cu-Fe-Au US\$1.51B capex; US\$1.03B NPV8%
 - Payback period (after-tax): 2.8 years
- PEA Cobalt¹ Opportunity, incremental US\$0.67B; potential to add additional US\$0.63B to NPV_{8%}
 - Payback period (after-tax): 3.5 years
 - Simple flowsheet using a series of conventional metallurgical steps to achieve 78% cobalt recovery and low costs
 - 10.4 million pounds of cobalt per year LOM in the form of 22,600 tonnes per year of battery-grade cobalt sulfate
 - -\$4.11 per pound LOM net of by-product sulfuric acid would be amongst one of the lowest cost cobalt producers globally
- Potential to improve project economics with infrastructure sharing

SANTO DOMINGO =
Opportunity to Build a Low
Cost, Vertically Integrated
Cobalt Business in Chile

Key Developments Over Past Year

- Received all critical permits to start construction
- Released a 2020 PEA Cobalt Opportunity for battery-grade cobalt sulfate production
- Negotiated Power Purchase Agreement and received quotes for desalinated water supply
- Additional metallurgical test work improving confidence in metal recoveries and confirming the process design criteria of 29% copper concentrate and 65% iron concentrate
- Evaluating additional optionality for shared infrastructure
- Received a firm-fixed-price proposal for the EPC of the processing plant and firm and actionable quotations for major processing equipment
- Excluding port and slurry pipeline,~75% of direct initial capital costs are certain

"Recoveries for cobalt will be ~78%, with additional benefits in the form of increased copper recovery, sulfuric acid production and energy generation." Dr. Albert Garcia PE, VP Projects

"Santo Domingo could be amongst one of the lowest cost cobalt producers."

Andries Gerbens, Darton Commodities

Santo Domingo By The Numbers

BASE CASE (copper-iron-gold)				
Mine Life	18 years			
Average annual operating expenses (US\$ millions)	\$304			
Cumulative FCF inclusive of capital (after tax) (US\$ billions)	\$3.3			

Average Annual Production	First 5 Years	LOM	
Throughput (tonnes per day)	65,000	60,000	
Copper (million pounds)	259	137	
Iron Concentrate (65% Fe) (million tonnes)	3.3	4.2	
Gold (ounces)	35,000	17,000	
C1 Cash Cost² per lb. Cu (by product basis)	\$0.47	\$0.02	
C1 Cash Costs³ per pound of payable copper equivalent produced (co-product basis)		\$1.40	
C1 Cash Costs³ per tonne of magnetite iron concentrate equivalent produced (co-product basis)		\$38.88	
Economics ⁴	100%	Capstone (70%)	
Initial Capital Costs (US\$ billions)	\$1.51	\$1.06	
NPV (after-tax, 8%) (US\$ billions)	\$1.03	\$0.72	
IRR (after-tax)	2	21.8%	

Economics	100%	Capstone (70%)		
Initial Capital Costs (US\$ billions)	\$1.51	\$1.06		
NPV (after-tax, 8%) (US\$ billions)	\$1.03	\$0.72		
IRR (after-tax)	21.8%			
Payback period (after-tax)	2.8 years			

- For full details, see the Company's news release February 19, 2020.
- C1 cash costs are net of magnetite iron and gold by-product credits and selling costs and is an alternative performance measure. Refer to "Alternative Performance Measures" in the Company's news release of February 19, 2020 for full details.
- Includes gold (and sulfuric acid for the 2020 PEA Opportunity case) as by product credits. . Refer to "Alternative Performance Measures" in the Company's news release of February 19, 2020 for full details.
- Metal price assumptions Cu: \$3.00/lb, Fe: \$80/t concentrate @ 66% Fe FOB SD, Au: \$1,290/oz. Refer to the Company's news release of February 19, 2020

2020 PEA Opportunity (includes cobalt processing)				
Mine Life	18 years			
Average annual operating expenses (US\$ millions)	\$337			
Cumulative FCF inclusive of capital (after tax) (US\$ billions)	\$5.3			
Cobalt production period	Years 3 to 18			

Average Annual Production	First 5 Years	LOM
Throughput (tonnes per day)	65,000	60,000
Copper (million pounds)	263	140
Iron Concentrate (65% Fe) (million tonnes)	3.3	4.2
Gold (ounces)	39,000	17,000
Cobalt (million pounds)		10.4
Sulfuric Acid (million tonnes)		1.4
C1 Cash Cost ² per lb. Cu	(\$0.02) ²	(\$1.56) ²
C1 Cash Costs ³ per pound of payable copper equivalent produced (co-product basis)		\$1.02
C1 Cash Costs³ per tonne of magnetite iron concentrate equivalent produced (co-product basis)		\$27.07
Economics ⁴	100%	Capstone (70%)

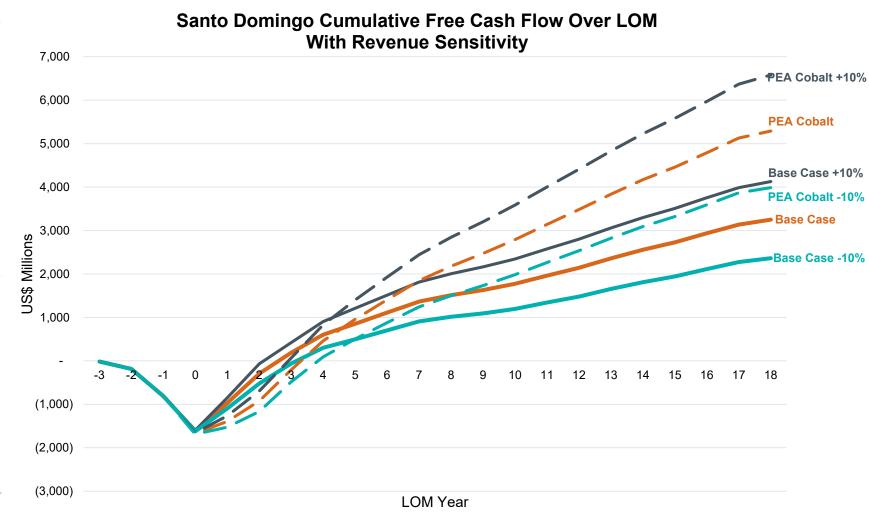
Economics ⁴	100%	Capstone (70%)		
Initial Capital Costs (US\$ billions)	tial Capital Costs (US\$ billions) \$2.18			
NPV (after-tax, 8%) (US\$ billions)	\$1.66	\$1.16		
IRR (after-tax)	23.0%			
Payback period (after-tax)	3.5 years			

- 1. For full details, see the Company's news release of February 19, 2020.
- C1 cash costs are net of magnetite iron, cobalt, sulfuric acid, and gold by-product credits and selling costs and is an alternative performance measure. Refer to "Alternative Performance Measures" in the Company's news release of February 19, 2020 for full details.
- Includes gold (and sulfuric acid for the 2020 PEA Opportunity case) as by product credits. Refer to "Alternative Performance Measures" in the Company's news release of February 19, 2020 for full details.
- Metal price assumptions Cu: \$3.00/lb, Fe: \$80/t concentrate @ 65% Fe FOB SD, Co: \$20/lb, H₂SO₄: \$70/lb, Au: \$1,280/oz. Refer to the Company's news release of February 19, 2020 for full details.

Quick Payback, Even At Lower Commodity Prices¹

Commodity Pricing ²	NPV (8%) after tax US\$/lb	IRR%	Payback (years)	
Base Case	\$1.03	21.80%	2.8	
Base Case +10%	\$1.43	26.40%	2.3	
Base Case -10%	\$0.63	16.80%	3.4	
PEA Cobalt	\$1.66	23%	3.5	
PEA Cobalt +10%	\$2.21	27.40%	3.1	
PEA Cobalt -10%	\$1.01	18.40%	4.0	

Commodity Pricing ²	Cum. FCF US\$M Year 5	Cum. FCF US\$M Year 10	Cum. FCF US\$M End of mine life
Base Case	\$855	\$1,774	\$3,250
Base Case +10%	\$1,210	\$2,347	\$4,129
Base Case -10%	\$496	\$1,197	\$2,363
PEA Cobalt	\$957	\$2,792	\$5,293
PEA Cobalt +10%	\$1,403	\$3,587	\$6,579
PEA Cobalt -10%	\$504	\$1,984	\$3,988

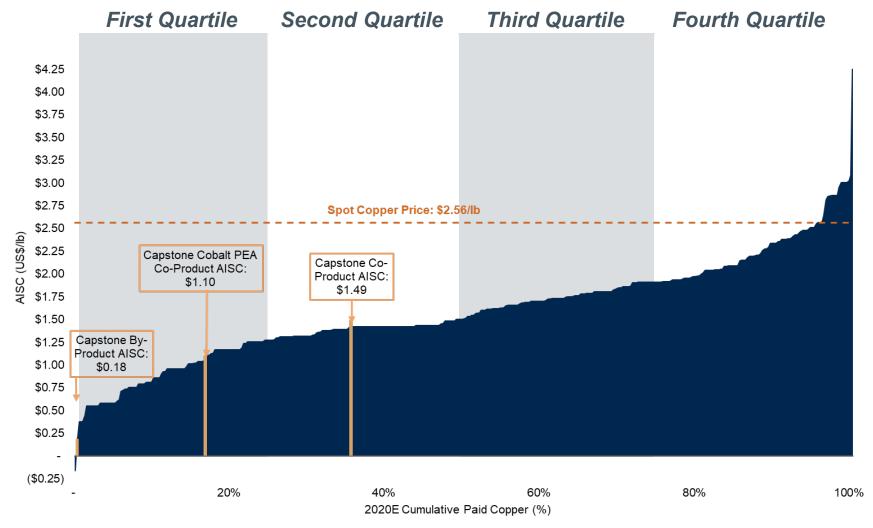


^{1.} For full details and additional +/- 30% commodity price sensitivity, see the Company's news release of January 19, 2020.

^{2.} Commodity price assumptions used: copper: \$3.00 per pound, magnetite iron concentrate (65% CFR Santo Domingo port): \$80 per tonne, cobalt: \$20 per pound, gold: \$1,280 per ounce, sulfuric acid (CIF Mejillones): \$70 per tonne.

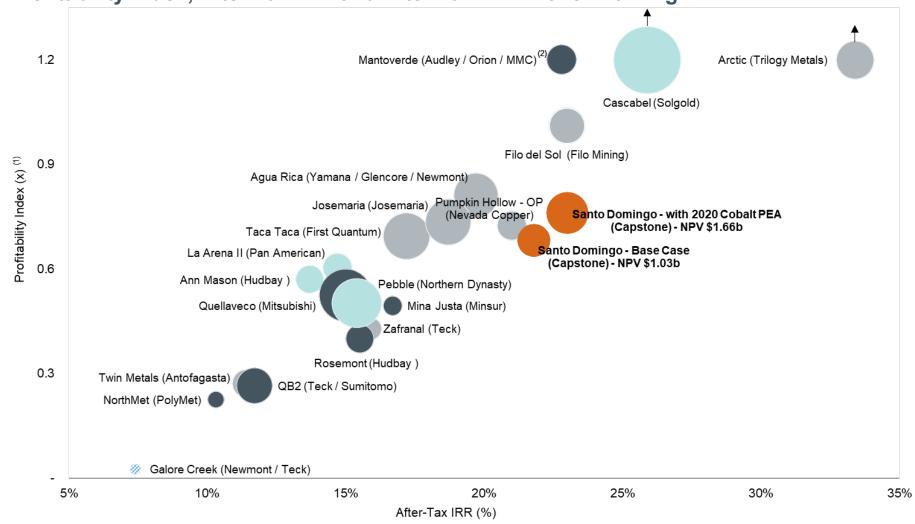
Santo Domingo: Well-Positioned on the Global AISC Curve

2020E Global AISC Curve – Wood Mackenzie (US\$/lb Cu and US\$/lb CuEq)1



Santo Domingo Boasts Robust Economic Metrics

Profitability Index, After-Tax IRR and After-Tax NPV Benchmarking



Bubble size denotes after-tax NPV
(US\$bn)
\$0.5
\$1.5
\$2.0

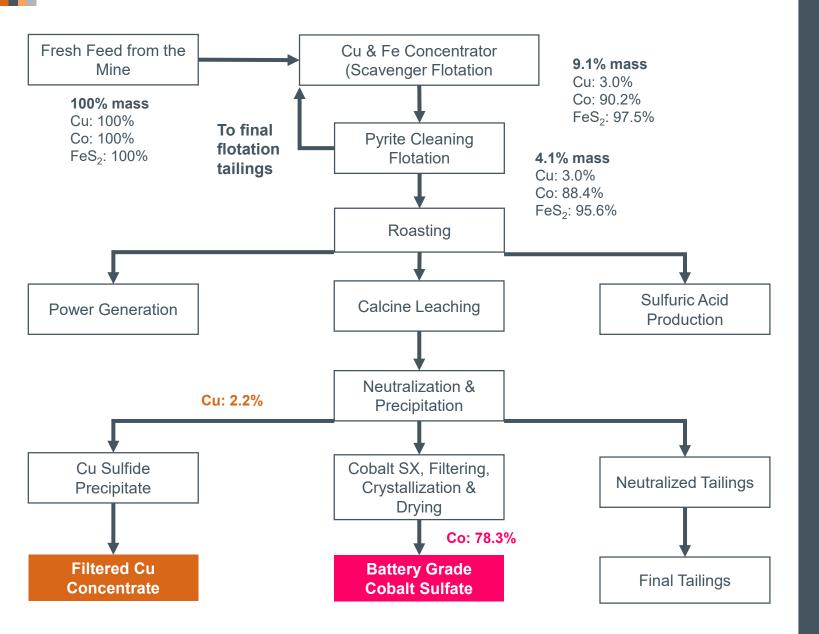
Feasibility
Pre-Feasibility
PEA

MACQuired

Chart source: RBC Capital Markets (RBC Source: Wood Mackenzie, RBC database and company disclosure)

- Projects shown on 100% basis; metrics unavailable for NuevaUnión (Newmont/Teck)
- Pebble metrics based on a 2011 PEA that the company recognizes as out-of-date; a more recent technical report was filed in late 2017, but does not provide updated cost, production and profitability metrics
- 1. Profitability calculated as after-tax NPV divided by sum of initial capex and expansion capex
- 2. Based on adjusted Wood Mackenzie Model (assumes copper price of \$3.30/lb and gold price of \$1.350/oz)

Cobalt Flowsheet

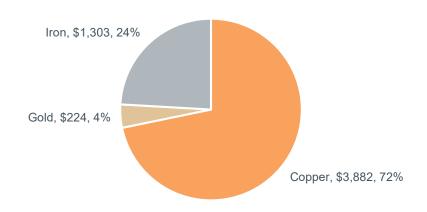


"The cobalt flowsheet is simple and uses a series of conventional technologies that have been previously used in the mining industry, resulting in ~78% recovery."

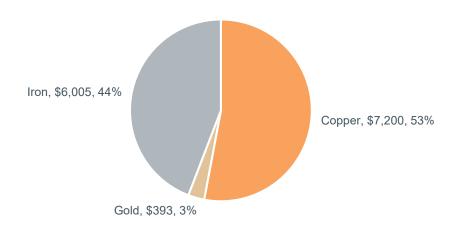
Dr. Albert Garcia PE, VP Projects

Gross Revenue: Base Case and 2020 PEA Opportunity (US\$M)

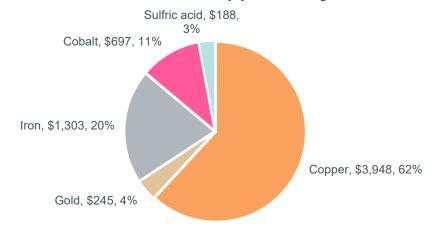
Base Case - First Five Years



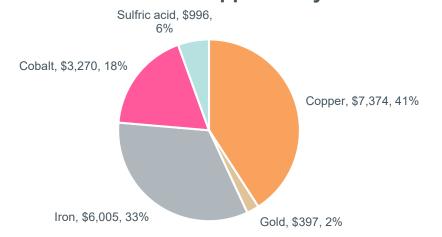
Base Case - Life of Mine



2020 Cobalt PEA Opportunity - First Five Years



2020 Cobalt PEA Opportunity - Life of Mine



PRICES (US\$)	Base Case
Cu (lbs)	\$3
Au (oz)	\$1,280
Fe (t)	\$80
Co (lb)	n/a
H2SO4 (ex. SD/t)	n/a

PRICES (US\$)	2020 PEA Opportunity
Cu (lbs)	\$3
Au (oz)	\$1,280
Fe (t)	\$80
Co (lb)	\$20
H2SO4 (ex. SD/t)	\$45

APPENDIX

Copper-Iron-Gold "Base Case" vs. Cobalt Opportunity

BASE CASE (no cobalt processing)

- Fully permitted copper-iron-gold mine
- ~18 year mine life with operations expected to commence two years after a final construction decision
- Nominal LOM plant throughput rate of 60,000 tpd and a maximum throughput of 65,000 tpd for the first five years
- Initial construction costs are estimated to be \$1.51 billion which includes a \$197 million contingency on total costs.
- Sustaining capital over the LOM is estimated to be \$378 million
- Total LOM operating costs are estimated to be \$5.57 billion
- LOM average production is 206,000 dmt of copper concentrate per year over a period of ~18 years, at a 29% Cu grade. The LOM average production is 4.2 million dmt of iron concentrate per year over a period of ~18 years, at a 65% iron grade

Mine life and LOM throughput rates are the same for the Base Case and the 2020 PEA Opportunity

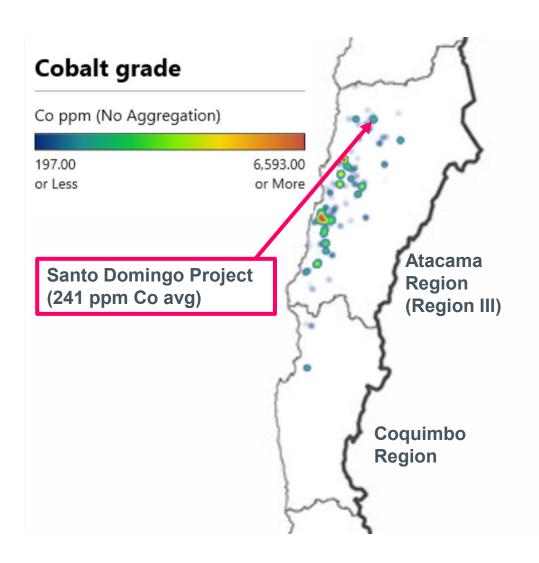
2020 PEA OPPORTUNITY (cobalt processing)

- Considers a conceptual plan to mine and process copper, iron and gold at the onset of the mine, and subsequently as a follow-on phase, initiate engineering and permitting for cobalt recovery circuit
- Assumes delay of two years for additional permitting and detailed engineering
- During development of cobalt plant, cobalt laden pyrite stockpiled as a high-density slurry
- Copper, iron and gold mine and processed over ~18 years; cobalt mine for ~18 years and processed over the last 16 years
- Initial capital costs are estimated to be \$2.18 billion; \$665 million related to the additional cobalt plant with a contingency of \$330 million; \$133 million for the cobalt opportunity
- Sustaining capital over the LOM is estimated to be \$443 million
- Total LOM operating costs are estimated to be \$6.18 billion
- The LOM average production is 209,000 dmt of copper concentrate per year over a period of ~18 years, at a 29% copper grade. The LOM average production is 4.1 million dmt of iron concentrate per year over a period of ~18 years, at a 65% iron grade.

Profitability Index, IRR and NPV Benchmarking

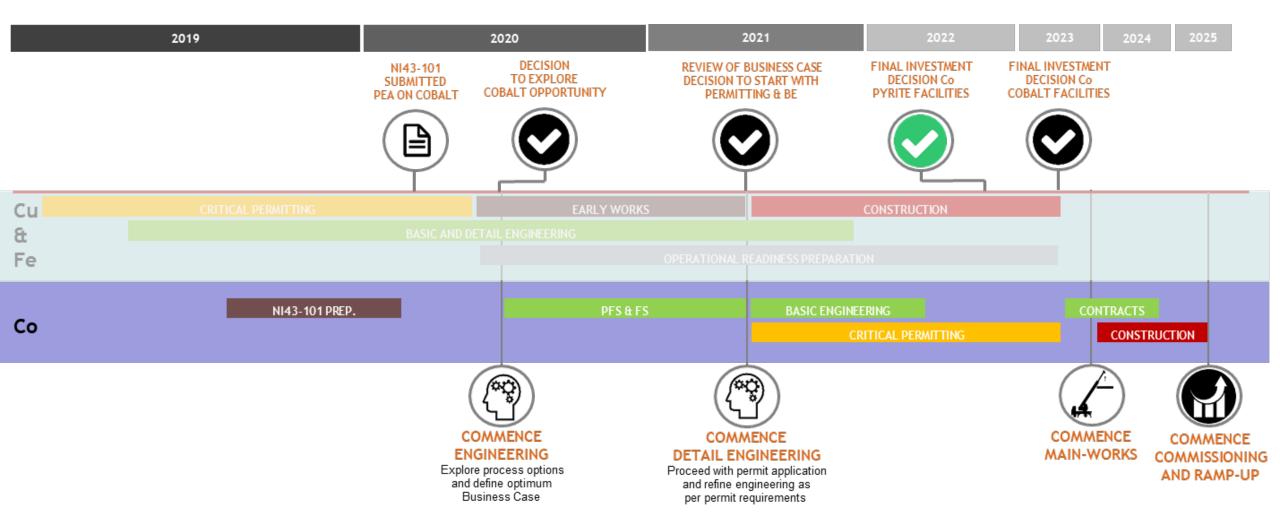
COMPANY	PROJECT	STAGE	INITIAL & EXPANSION CAPEX (US\$M)	AFTER-TAX IRR (%)	AFTER-TAX NPV (US\$M)	PROFITABILITY INDEX (X)
Trilogy Metals	Arctic	PFS	\$780	33.4%	\$1,413	1.2x
Solgold	Cascabel	PEA	\$2,715	25.9%	\$4,349	1.2x
Filo Mining	Filo del Sol	PFS	\$1,266	23.0%	\$1,280	1.0x
Capstone	Santo Domingo - 2020 Cobalt PEA Opportunity	PEA	\$2,180	23.0%	\$1,660	0.8x
Audley / Orion / MMC	Mantoverde	Feasibility	\$731	22.8%	\$878	1.2x
Capstone	Santo Domingo - Base Case	Feasibility	\$1,512	21.8%	\$1,032	0.7x
Nevada Copper	Pumpkin Hollow - OP	PFS	\$1,145	21.0%	\$829	0.7x
Yamana / Glencore / Newmont	Agua Rica	PFS	\$2,386	19.7%	\$1,935	0.8x
Josemaria	Josemaria	PFS	\$2,761	18.7%	\$2,030	0.7x
First Quantum	Taca Taca	PEA	\$3,006	17.2%	\$2,087	0.7x
Minsur	Mina Justa	Feasibility	\$745	16.7%	\$368	0.5x
Teck	Zafranal	PFS	\$1,157	15.9%	\$496	0.4x
Hudbay	Rosemont	Feasibility	\$1,921	15.5%	\$769	0.4x
Northern Dynasty	Pebble	PEA	\$4,695	15.4%	\$2,358	0.5x
Mitsubishi	Quellaveco	Feasibility	\$5,150	15.0%	\$2,700	0.5x
Pan American	La Arena II	PEA	\$1,364	14.7%	\$824	0.6x
Hudbay	Ann Mason	PEA	\$1,351	13.7%	\$770	0.6x
Teck / Sumitomo	QB2	Feasibility	\$4,714	11.7%	\$1,253	0.3x
Antofagasta	Twin Metals	PFS	\$2,775	11.4%	\$753	0.3x
PolyMet	NorthMet	Feasibility	\$1,204	10.3%	\$271	0.2x
Newmont / Teck	Galore Creek	PFS	\$4,691	7.4%	\$125	0.0x

Regional Opportunity



- Atacama Region includes iron-ore-copper-gold ("IOCG") deposits with cobalt concentrations of ~200 ppm or higher
- Santo Domingo has 241 ppm average Co but significant tonnage (~400 Mt ore corresponding to Cu and Fe Reserves)
- Potential for district view: most sources would be cobalt rich pyrite concentrates
- Chilean Mines Minister has said¹, "Ultimate goal is for Chile to become a supplier of lithium ion batteries to the global auto sector."
- Santo Domingo cobalt production could be a catalyst to support this vision

Execution Timeline for 2020 PEA Opportunity



Santo Domingo Mineral Reserve Estimate

Mineral Reserve Estimate as at November 14, 2018							
	Ore Grade				Contained Metal		
Reserve Category	Ore	Cu	Fe	Au	Cu	Fe Conc.	Au
	(Mt)	(%)	(%)	(g/t)	(Mlbs)	(Mt)	(koz)
Proven Reserves	65.4	0.61	30.9	0.08	878.5	8.2	169.9
Probable Reserves	326.9	0.24	27.6	0.03	1,694.2	66.9	336.8
Total Reserves	392.3	0.30	28.2	0.04	2,572.7	75.1	506.7

Mineral Reserve Estimate Notes:

- 1. Mineral Reserves have an effective date of 14 November 2018 and were prepared by Mr. Carlos Guzman, CMC, an employee of NCL.
- 2. Mineral Reserves are reported as constrained within Measured and Indicated pit designs and are supported by a mine plan featuring variable throughput rates and cut-off optimization. The pit designs and mine plan were optimized using the following economic and technical parameters: metal prices of US\$3.00/lb Cu, US\$1,290/oz Au, and US\$100/dmt of Fe concentrate; average recovery to concentrate is 93.4% for Cu and 60.1% for Au, with magnetite concentrate recovery varying on a block-by-block basis; copper concentrate treatment charges of US\$80/dmt, U\$0.08/lb of copper refining charges, US\$5.0/oz of gold refining charges, US\$33/wet metric tonnes ("wmt") and US\$20/wmt for shipping copper and iron concentrates respectively; waste mining cost of \$1.75/t, mining cost of US\$1.75/t ore, and process and G&A costs of US\$7.53/t processed; average pit slope angles that range from 37.6° to 43.6°; a 2% royalty rate assumption, and an assumption of 100% mining recovery.
- 3. Rounding as required by reporting guidelines may result in apparent summation differences between tonnes, grade and contained metal content.
- 4. Tonnage measurements are in metric units. Copper and iron grades are reported as percentages, gold as grams per tonne. Contained gold ounces are reported as troy ounces, contained copper as million pounds and contained iron as million metric tonnes.

Santo Domingo Mineral Resource Estimate

Mineral Resource Estimate as at February 13, 2020								
Category	Deposit	Mt	CuEq (%)	Cu (%)	Au (g/t)	Fe (%)	S (%)	Co (ppm)
Measured		66	0.81	0.61	0.081	30.9	2.3	254
Indicated	SDS/IN	416	0.49	0.24	0.033	26.4	2.2	239
	Estrellita	55	0.40	0.38	0.039	13.7	0.0	125
	Sub-Total	471	0.48	0.26	0.034	25.0	1.9	225
Total Measured and Indicated		537	0.52	0.30	0.039	25.7	2.0	229
Inferred	SDS/IN	42	0.42	0.18	0.024	25.0	2.4	208
	Estrellita	5	0.32	0.31	0.030	12.3	0.0	108
Total Inferred		48	0.41	0.19	0.025	23.6	2.2	197

Mineral Resource Estimate Notes:

- 1. Mineral Resources are classified according to CIM (2014) definition standards.
- 2. Mineral Resources are reported inclusive of Mineral Reserves. Mineral Resources are not Mineral Reserves and do not have demonstrated economic viability.
- 3. The Qualified Person for the estimates is Mr. David Rennie, P. Eng., an associate of Roscoe Postle Associates Inc.
- 4. Mineral Resources for the Santo Domingo Sur, Iris, Iris Norte, and Estrellita deposits have an effective date of 13 February 2020.
- 5. Mineral Resources for the Santo Domingo Sur, Iris, Iris Norte, and Estrellita deposits are reported using a cut-off grade of 0.125% CuEq. CuEq grades are calculated using average long-term prices of US\$3.50/lb Cu, US\$1,300/oz Au, and US\$99/dmt Fe conc.
- 6. Only copper, gold, and iron were recognized in the CuEq calculation.
- 7. Mineral Resources are constrained by preliminary pit shells derived using a Lerchs–Grossmann algorithm and the following assumptions: pit slopes averaging 45°; mining cost of US\$1.90/t, processing cost of US\$7.27/t (including G&A cost); processing recovery of 89% copper and 79% gold; and metal prices of US\$3.50/lb Cu, US\$1,300/oz Au and US\$99/dmt iron concentrate.
- 8. Rounding as required by reporting guidelines may result in apparent summation differences between tonnes, grade and contained metal content.
- 9. Tonnage measurements are in metric units. Copper ("Cu"), iron ("Fe") and sulfur ("S") are reported as percentages, gold ("Au") as grams per tonne and cobalt ("Co") parts per million.

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