## $\sqrt{\overline{3}}$ idemitsu

## Presentation on Results for FY2020

May 11, 2021
Idemitsu Kosan Co.,Ltd.

## Summary of Financial Results

■ FY2020 Financial overview
$\checkmark$ Operating + equity income ("segment income") turned positive in FY20, mainly as inventory impact improved following an increase in crude oil prices
$\checkmark$ Segment income excluding inventory impact increased by $¥ 29.7$ billion year-on-year, supported by improved time lag in Petroleum segment
$\checkmark$ Net income increased by $¥ 57.9$ billion despite reporting losses on valuation of $¥ 18.1$ billion on long-term loans to NSRP
[ $¥$ billions]

|  | FY2019 | FY2020 | Change |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Operating Income <br> + Equity Income <br> Inventory impact <br> Excluding inventory impact | $(26.2)$ | 100.3 | 126.5 |
| Net Income Attributable to |  |  |  |
| Owners of the Parent | $(89.3)$ | 7.5 | 96.7 |
| Excluding inventory impact |  |  |  |

■ FY2020 Dividends
interim: $¥ 60 /$ share, year-end: $¥ 60 /$ share , total: $¥ 120 /$ share

* No changes from the previous announcement


## Summary of FY2021 Forecast

- FY2021 Forecast overview
$\checkmark$ Forecast a $¥ 39.7$ billion year-on-year increase in segment income, with a recovery in resource prices and reversal of one-time losses in the power \& renewable energy segment in FY20
$\checkmark$ Anticipating a $¥ 50.1$ billion year-on-year increase in net income, in part due to significant extraordinary losses in FY20
[ $¥$ billions]

|  | FY2020 | FY2021 | Change |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Operating Income <br> + Equity Income <br> Inventory impact <br> Excluding inventory impact | 100.3 | 140.0 | 39.7 |
| Net Income Attributable to |  |  |  |
| Owners of the Parent | 7.5 | 0.0 | $(7.5)$ |
| Excluding inventory impact |  |  |  |

*While some inventory impact may arise if FY21 crude oil price stabilizes at $\$ 60$, such impact is not included in forecasts
■ FY2021 shareholder returns policy / dividend forecast
$\checkmark$ Achieve payout ratio of at least 50\% on cumulative FY20-22 net income excluding inventory impact
$\checkmark$ Anticipating stable dividends of $¥ 120$ per share interim: $¥ 60 /$ share, year end: $¥ 60 /$ share, total: $¥ 120 /$ share

## Key Topics (FY2020)

- Impact of COVID 19 Pandemic
$\checkmark$ Decreased fuel demand as well as squeezed petrochemical margin throughout the year

■ Status of Nghi Son Refinery in Vietnam
$\checkmark$ Under continuous stable operation
$\checkmark$ No change in equity loss from the previous forecast
$\checkmark$ Recorded 18.1 billion valuation losses on long-term loans to NSRP As a result, the balance of initial capital and long-term loans provided to NSRP decreased

■ Reduction of legal capital surplus and reclassification to other capital surplus
$\checkmark$ Propose decrease in legal capital surplus and reclassification to other capital surplus as an agenda item for the June 23 shareholders' meeting in order to enhance flexibility in its future capital policies
$\checkmark ¥ 416.0$ billion of the $¥ 458.1$ billion in legal capital surplus will be reclassified

## Operating Environment



手 idemitsu

Australian Coal [USD/ton] Spot price


Exchange Rate (USD)

## Overview

■ Crude Oil / Coal / Exchange Rates
[USD/bbl, USD/ton, JPY/USD]

|  | FY2019 | FY2020 | Change |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Crude Oil (Dubai) | 60.3 | 44.5 | $(15.8)$ | $(26.2 \%)$ |
| Crude Oil (Brent) $*$ | 64.3 | 41.7 | $(22.6)$ | $(35.2 \%)$ |
| Thermal Coal $*$ | 77.8 | 60.4 | $(17.4)$ | $(22.3 \%)$ |
| Exchange Rate (TTM) | 108.7 | 106.1 | $(2.6)$ | $(2.4 \%)$ |

*Brent prices and thermal coal prices are averages based on the calendar year (January-December).
■ Consolidated Income Statement (Summary) [手billions]

|  | FY2019 | FY2020 | Change |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: |
| Net Sales | $6,045.9$ | $4,556.6$ | $(1,489.2)$ | $(24.6 \%)$ |
| Operating Income | $(3.9)$ | 140.1 | 143.9 | - |
| Inventory impact | $(89.3)$ | 7.5 | 96.7 | - |
| Equity Income | $(22.4)$ | $(39.8)$ | $(17.4)$ | - |
| Operating Income |  |  |  |  |
| + Equity Income | $\mathbf{( 2 6 . 2 )}$ | 100.3 | 126.5 | - |
| Excluding inventory impact | 63.1 | 92.8 | 29.7 | $+47.2 \%$ |
| Ordinary Income | $(14.0)$ | 108.4 | 122.3 | - |
| Extraordinary Gain/Loss | $(3.3)$ | $(43.8)$ | $(40.5)$ | - |
| Net Income Attributable to | $\mathbf{( 2 2 . 9 )}$ | 34.9 | 57.9 | - |
| Owners of the Parent | 39.0 | 29.7 | $\mathbf{( 9 . 3 )}$ | $\mathbf{( 2 3 . 8 \% )}$ |

## Segment Information

■ Operating Income + Equity Income
[ $¥$ billions]

|  | FY2019 | FY2020 | Change |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: |
| Petroleum | $(109.4)$ | 102.1 | 211.5 | - |
| Excluding inventory impact | $(20.1)$ | 94.7 | 114.7 | - |
| Basic Chemicals | 11.9 | 3.4 | $(8.5)$ | $(71.5 \%)$ |
| Functional Materials | 28.4 | 13.0 | $(15.4)$ | $(54.3 \%)$ |
| Power and Renewable Energy | $(0.5)$ | $(17.3)$ | $(16.8)$ | - |
| Resources* | 41.8 | 4.7 | $(37.0)$ | $(88.7 \%)$ |
| Oil Exploration and Production | 17.8 | 6.8 | $(11.0)$ | $(62.0 \%)$ |
| Coal | 24.0 | $(2.0)$ | $(26.0)$ | - |
| Others/Reconciliation | 1.5 | $(5.7)$ | $(7.2)$ | - |
| Total | $(26.2)$ | 100.3 | 126.5 | - |
| Excluding inventory impact | 63.1 | 92.8 | 29.7 | $47.2 \%$ |

[^0]
## Segment Information

■ Factors Affecting Operating Income + Equity Income (excluding inventory impact, year on year)


## Segment Information

$$
\begin{array}{cc}
{[P e t r o l e u m] ~ Y o Y ~+~} & \text { Y } 14.7 \mathrm{bn}(F Y 2019:-¥ 20.1 \mathrm{bn} \Rightarrow F Y 2021: 794.7 \mathrm{bn}) \\
\text { <Year-on-year Change in Petroleum } \\
\text { sales volume (4 Core Products)> } & \text { <Trends in Domestic Petroleum Product Margir } \\
\text { *Average of gasoline, diesel oil, kerosene, and heavy oil A margin }
\end{array}
$$


$\checkmark 4 \mathrm{Q}$ core fuel sales remained flat year-on-year due to heating demand and recovery from COVID-19
$\checkmark$ Refining margins increased year-on-year, mainly as a result of time lags relating to increased crude oil prices
$\checkmark$ Profits exceeded previous year results as integration synergies, affiliate income and reduced fuel costs more than offset equity losses and reduced jet fuel demand, in addition to the above

## Segment Information

[Basic Chemicals]YoY-¥8.5 bn (FY2019 : $¥ 11.9$ bn $\Rightarrow$ FY2020 : $¥ 3.4$ bn)
$\checkmark$ Decrease in profits mainly due to weaker margins
[USD/ton]

| Product | FY2019 |  | FY2020 |  | Change |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Price | Margin | Price | Margin | Price | Margin |
| PX | 807 | 303 | 592 | $\mathbf{1 8 3}$ | $(215)$ | $\mathbf{( 1 2 0 )}$ |
| MX | 672 | 169 | 491 | 82 | $(181)$ | $(87)$ |
| SM | 936 | 433 | 827 | $\mathbf{4 1 8}$ | $(109)$ | $(15)$ |

[Functional Materials]YoY-¥15.4 bn (FY2019 : $¥ 28.4$ bn $\Rightarrow$ FY2020 : $¥ 13.0$ bn)
$\checkmark$ Decrease in profits resulting from decreased lubricant oil sales and a weak PC market following expansion of the COVID-19 pandemic
[Power and Renewable Energy]YoY-¥16.8 bn (FY2019 : - $¥ 0.5 \Rightarrow$ FY2020 : - $-\neq 17.3 \mathrm{bn}$ )
$\checkmark$ Year-on-year decrease from increased procurement costs as a result of a soaring JEPX market in the power business and from reductions in sales volumes and prices in the solar business

## Segment Information


<Crude Oil Production Volume and Brent Crude Oil Price Trends>

$\checkmark$ Profits decreased as the impact of increased sales volume more than offset that of reduced crude oil prices

## [Coal] YoY -¥26.0 bn

(FY19 : $¥ 24.0$ bn $\Rightarrow$ FY20 : - $¥ 2.0$ bn)

## <Coal Production Volume and Australian Coal Spot Price Trends>


$\checkmark$ Profits decreased due to pricing factors resulting from deteriorated coal market conditions, etc.

## Balance Sheet

[¥ billions]

|  | $3 / 31 / 2020$ | $3 / 31 / 2021$ | Change |  | $3 / 31 / 2020$ | $3 / 31 / 2021$ | Change |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Cash and Deposits | 132.2 | 131.3 | $(0.9)$ | Total Current <br> Liabilities | $1,648.4$ | $1,621.3$ | $(27.1)$ |
| Receivables, <br> Inventory,etc. | $1,418.1$ | $1,534.2$ | 116.1 | Total Fixed Liabilities | $1,038.0$ | $1,118.0$ | 80.1 |
| Total Current Assets | $1,550.3$ | $1,665.5$ | 115.2 | Total Liabilities | $2,686.4$ | $2,739.3$ | 52.9 |
| Tangible Fixed Assets | $1,478.1$ | $1,521.9$ | 43.8 | Shareholders' Equity and <br> Other Comprehensive <br> Income | $1,150.0$ | $1,150.9$ | 0.9 |
| Other Fixed Assets | 858.5 | 767.0 | $(91.5)$ | Noncontrolling <br> Interests | 50.6 | 64.2 | 13.7 |
| Total Fixed Assets | $2,336.6$ | $2,288.9$ | $(47.7)$ | Total Net Assets | $1,200.6$ | $1,215.1$ | 14.6 |
| Total Assets | $3,886.9$ | $3,954.4$ | 67.5 | Total Liabilities and <br> Net Assets | $3,886.9$ | $3,954.4$ | 67.5 |


| Net D/E ratio | 1.05 | 1.02 | $(0.02)$ |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Total Interest - <br> bearing Debt | $1,336.3$ | $1,308.9$ | $(27.4)$ |
| Equity ratio | $29.6 \%$ | $29.1 \%$ | $(0.5 \%)$ |

## Statement of Cash Flows

[ $¥$ billions]

| Cash Flow from Operating Activities <br> Net Income before tax <br> Depreciation Expense Change in Working Capital Other | 170.5 |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | 64.6 |
|  | 98.2 |
|  | (38.7) |
|  | 46.4 |
| Cash Flow from Investing Activities | (109.9) |
| Purchase of tangible fixed assets | (121.1) |
| Other | 11.2 |
| Cash Flow from Financing Activities | (56.2) |
| Change in borrowings | (15.3) |
| Dividend payments | (41.7) |
| Other | 0.7 |
| Translation gains/losses | (2.8) |
| Change in cash and deposits | 1.6 |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning Balance | 129.3 |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents - Ending Balance | 131.0 |

## Key ESG Topics in FY20

## E (Environment)

■ MSCI rating upgraded from A to AA (September 2020)

- CDP rating upgraded from B to A- (December 2020)
- Announced $1^{\text {st }}$ year (FY19) results of CO2 reduction based on the med-term plan-1.30 million t-CO2 (vs. FY17)
* Reduction efforts: -0.19 million t-CO2 / other: -1.11 million t-CO2


## S (Society)

■ Formulated the "Sustainable Procurement Guidelines" and held dialogue with suppliers
■ Commenced "Human Rights Due Diligence" efforts and completed identification of risks relating to human rights issues

## G (Governance)

- Disclosed skill matrix of candidate directors
- Incorporated non-financial performance in representative director's performance-linked compensation


## Key Topics (FY2021)

- Impact of COVID 19 Pandemic on Idemitsu's Operations
$\checkmark$ While we expect recovery in demand for the 4 core products and jet fuel, careful observation of demand trends is warranted in light of the recent increase in infected persons
[\%]

|  | FY2020 | FY2021 1H <br> Forecast | FY2021 2H <br> Forecast | FY2021 <br> Forecast |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 4 Core <br> Products | 94.6 | 104.2 | 99.2 | $\mathbf{1 0 1 . 7}$ |
| Jet Fuel | 54.2 | 148.5 | 141.5 | $\mathbf{1 4 5 . 0}$ |

*Idemitsu's sales growth rate (year-on-year)
$\checkmark$ Anticipating recovery from COVID in each segment in FY21, with recovery in demand for basic chemicals and functional materials and in resource prices

- Nghi Son Refinery forecasts
$\checkmark$ Forecasting high utilization
$\checkmark$ Overseas markets continue to struggle but are recently improving. Profits are expected to increase, in part due to the reversal of negative inventory impact in the previous year
$\checkmark$ Profit increase will also be supported by the absence of $¥ 18.1$ billion in loss on valuation of long-term loans reported in FY20 and the offsetting of equity losses in FY21


## Overview

■ Crude Oil / Coal / Exchange Rates
[USD/bbl, USD/ton, JPY/USD]

|  | FY2020 | FY2021 | Change |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Crude Oil (Dubai) | 44.5 | 60.0 | 15.5 | $34.8 \%$ |
| Crude Oil (Brent) | 41.7 | 61.0 | 19.3 | $46.4 \%$ |
| Thermal Coal $*$ | 60.4 | 80.0 | 19.6 | $32.5 \%$ |
| Exchange Rate (TTM) | 106.1 | 105.0 | $(1.1)$ | $(1.0 \%)$ |

*Brent prices and thermal coal prices are averages based on the calendar year (January-December).

- Consolidated Income Statement (Summary)

|  | FY2020 | FY2021 | Change |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Net Sales | $4,556.6$ | $5,680.0$ | $1,123.4$ | $24.7 \%$ |
| Operating Income | 140.1 | 135.0 | $(5.1)$ | $(3.6 \%)$ |
| Inventory impact | 7.5 | 0.0 | $(7.5)$ | $(100.0 \%)$ |
| Equity Income | $(39.8)$ | 5.0 | 44.8 | - |
| Operating Income | $\mathbf{1 0 0 . 3}$ | $\mathbf{1 4 0 . 0}$ | 39.7 | $39.6 \%$ |
| + Equity Income | $\mathbf{9 2 . 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 4 0 . 0}$ | $\mathbf{4 7 . 2}$ | $\mathbf{5 0 . 8 \%}$ |
| Excluding inventory impact | 108.4 | 140.0 | 31.6 | $29.2 \%$ |
| Ordinary Income | $(43.8)$ | $(2.0)$ | 41.8 | - |
| Extraordinary Gain/Loss | 34.9 | $\mathbf{8 5 . 0}$ | $\mathbf{5 0 . 1}$ | $\mathbf{1 4 3 . 4 \%}$ |
| Net Income Attributable to | $\mathbf{2 9 . 7}$ | $\mathbf{8 5 . 0}$ | $\mathbf{5 5 . 3}$ | $\mathbf{1 8 5 . 7 \%}$ |
| Owners of the Parent |  |  |  |  |
| Excluding inventory impact |  |  |  |  |

[^1]
## Segment Information

■ Operating Income + Equity Income
[ $¥$ billions]

|  | FY2020 | FY2021 | Change |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Petroleum | 102.1 | 84.0 | $(18.1)$ | $(17.7 \%)$ |
| Excluding inventory impact | 94.7 | 84.0 | $(10.7)$ | $(11.3 \%)$ |
| Basic Chemicals | 3.4 | 10.0 | 6.6 | $193.9 \%$ |
| Functional Materials | 13.0 | 16.0 | 3.0 | $23.1 \%$ |
| Power and Renewable Energy | $(17.3)$ | $(6.0)$ | 11.3 | - |
| Resources* | 4.7 | 40.0 | 35.3 | $745.7 \%$ |
| Oil Exploration and Production | 6.8 | 33.0 | 26.2 | $388.7 \%$ |
| Coal | $(2.0)$ | 7.0 | 9.0 | - |
| Others/Reconciliation | $(5.7)$ | $(4.0)$ | 1.7 | - |
| Total | 100.3 | 140.0 | 39.7 | $39.6 \%$ |
| Excluding inventory impact | 92.8 | 140.0 | 47.2 | $50.8 \%$ |

[^2]
## Segment Information



## Segment Information

[Petroleum] YoY-¥10.7 bn (FY2020 : $¥ 94.7$ bn $\Rightarrow$ FY2021: 84.0 bn)
$\checkmark$ Forecasting demand recovery from COVID for 4 core products
$\checkmark$ Refining margins expected decrease due to reversal of time lags in the previous FY
$\checkmark$ Overall profit decrease from refinery fuel costs, SDM, etc. despite integration synergies and increased profits at NSRP
[Basic Chemicals] YoY + $¥ 6.6$ (FY2020 : $¥ 3.4$ bn $\Rightarrow$ FY2021 : $¥ 10.0$ bn)
$\checkmark$ Forecasting growth through increased margins for paraxylene, etc.
[USD/t]

| Product | FY2020 |  | FY2021 |  | Change |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Price | Margin | Price | Margin | Price | Margin |
| PX | 592 | $\mathbf{1 8 3}$ | 800 | $\mathbf{2 5 0}$ | 208 | $\mathbf{6 7}$ |
| MX | 491 | $\mathbf{8 2}$ | 680 | $\mathbf{1 3 0}$ | 189 | $\mathbf{4 8}$ |
| SM | 827 | $\mathbf{4 1 8}$ | 910 | $\mathbf{3 5 0}$ | $(83)$ | $\mathbf{( 6 8 )}$ |

[Functional Materials]YoY + ¥3.0bn (FY2020 : $¥ 13.0$ bn $\Rightarrow$ FY2021: $¥ 16.0$ bn)
$\checkmark$ Forecasting growth mainly due to a recovery in sales volumes to the automotive industry in the lubricants business

## Segment Information

[Power and Renewable Energy] YoY $+¥ 11.3$ bn (FY2020 : - $¥ 17.3 \mathrm{bn} \Rightarrow$ FY2021 : - $¥ 6.0 \mathrm{bn}$ )
$\checkmark$ Anticipating year-on-year growth in the power business, reflecting recovery from the impact of the soaring JEPX market in FY20 4Q
[Oil Exploration and Production] YoY $+¥ 26.2$ bn (FY2020 : $¥ 6.8 \Rightarrow$ FY2021 : $¥ 33.0$ bn)
$\checkmark$ Increase production volumes in Vietnamese gas fields as well as reversal of time lags in the previous year
$\checkmark$ Increase from pricing factors associated with increased Brent crude oil price assumptions
[Coal] YoY + $¥ 9.0$ bn (FY2020 : - $¥ 2.0$ bn $\Rightarrow$ FY2021 : $¥ 7.0$ bn)
$\checkmark$ Forecasting increase production due to reversal of weaker production from weather conditions last year
$\checkmark$ The Australian coal price assumption increased by $\$ 20 / \mathrm{t}$ year-on-year, but the impact was partially offset by appreciation of the Australian dollar

## Investments

[¥ billions]

|  | FY2020 |  |  | FY2021 |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Strategic | Maintenance <br> Renewal | Total | Strategic | Maintenance <br> Renewal | Total |
| Petroleum <br> Basic Chemicals | 10 | 44 | 54 | 9 | 82 | 91 |
| Power/Renewable <br> Functional <br> Materials,Others | 21 | 21 | 42 | 28 | 19 | 47 |
| Resources | 39 | 15 | 54 | 38 | 17 | 55 |
| Total | $\mathbf{7 0}$ | $\mathbf{8 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 5 0}$ | $\mathbf{7 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 1 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 3}$ |
| Depreciation Expense <br> (including goodwill |  |  | 107.8 |  |  | 125.0 |

## Balance Sheet/Cash Flows (FY2021 Forecast)

| [ $\ddagger$ billions] |  |  |  |  | [ $¥$ billions] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 3/31/2022 |  | 3/31/2022 | Cash Flow from Operating Activities | 250 |
| Current Assets | 1,640 | Liabilities | 2,740 | Net income Depreciation Expense Other | $\begin{array}{r} \hline 85 \\ 125 \\ 40 \\ \hline \hline \end{array}$ |
|  |  |  |  | Cash Flow from Investing Activities | (215) |
| Fixed Assets | 2,360 | Net Assets | 1,260 | Strategic <br> Maintenance/Renewal Other | $\begin{array}{r} (75) \\ (118) \\ (22) \end{array}$ |
| Total Assets | 4,000 | Total Liabilities and Net Assets | 4,000 | Cash Flow from Financing Activities <br> Shareholder returns Other | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \hline(37) \\ \hline(36) \end{array}$ <br> (1) |
| Net D/E ratio |  | 0.98 |  | Balance | (2) |
| Total Interest -bearing Debt |  | 1,310 |  | $\checkmark$ Maintenance/Renewal is high in FY2021 due to SDM $\checkmark$ Cash balance will be remained same level as the last year |  |
| Equity ratio |  | 30.0\% |  |  |  |
| ROIC |  | 3\% |  | $\checkmark$ Secure the free cash by carefully selecting investments and selling assets |  |

## Reference Materials

## Overview of the Company

## - Petroleum Segment

- Refining Capacity 945,000 BD *1)
- Domestic fuel oil sales volume

34 million KL/year *2)

- Number of service stations 6,300
- Basic Chemicals Segment
(Production Capacity)
- Ethylene 1 mil tons/year

ם Paraxylene 1.42 mil tons/year *3)

- Styrene monomers 0.79 mil tons/year
- Power and Renewable Energy Segment
- Power generation capacity 1.4GW
- Renewable energy 0.5GW
- Solar panel production capacity 1GW/year
- Functional Materials Segment
(Lubricants, performance chemicals, electronic materials, functional asphalt, agriculturalbiotechnology, solid electrolyte)
- Lubricants sales volume
1.1 mil KL/year ${ }_{* 4}$
- Performance chemicals production capacity

Engineering plastics: 150,000 tons/year
Adhesive materials: 75,000 tons/year

- OLED materials production capacity

22 tons/year

## - Resources Segment

- Crude oil production 24,000 BD
- Thermal coal production 11 mil tons/year
*1 1,090,000 barrels/day when adding the refining capacity of Fuji Oil, Co.,Ltd with which a petroleum products trade agreement has been signed
*2 Bond jet fuel and Bond heavy fuel oil C are included in the exports
*3 Including mixed xylene production capacity
*4 Lubricants sales volume excludes sales by Shell Lubricants Japan K.K.


## Financial Data

■ Net Sales by Segment
[ $¥$ billions]

|  | FY2019 | FY2020 | Change |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Petroleum | $4,821.0$ | $3,593.4$ | $(1,227.6)$ | $(25.5 \%)$ |
| Basic Chemicals | 459.2 | 329.0 | $(130.2)$ | $(28.3 \%)$ |
| Functional Materials | 393.8 | 332.6 | $(61.2)$ | $(15.6 \%)$ |
| Power and Renewable Energy | 127.7 | 123.7 | $(4.0)$ | $(3.1 \%)$ |
| Resources* | 241.8 | 172.0 | $(69.8)$ | $(28.9 \%)$ |
| Oil Exploration and Production | 48.9 | 32.9 | $(15.9)$ | $(32.6 \%)$ |
| Coal | 192.9 | 139.0 | $(53.9)$ | $(27.9 \%)$ |
| Others/Reconciliation | 2.3 | 5.9 | 3.6 | $\mathbf{1 5 4 . 3 \%}$ |
| Total | $6,045.9$ | $4,556.6$ | $(1,489.2)$ | $(24.6 \%)$ |

[^3]
## Financial Data

■ Quarterly segment income (accumulated, excluding inventory impact) [¥ billions]

|  | FY2019 1Q | FY2019 2Q | FY2019 3Q | FY2019 | FY2020 1Q | FY2020 2Q | FY2020 $3 Q$ | FY2020 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Petroleum | 3.5 | 15.4 | 26.1 | $(20.1)$ | $(9.4)$ | 27.3 | 64.9 | 94.7 |
| Equity income | $(2.7)$ | $(14.9)$ | $(26.0)$ | $(32.7)$ | $(27.2)$ | $(28.8)$ | $(37.2)$ | $(41.1)$ |
| Basic Chemicals | 5.9 | 14.3 | 18.0 | 11.9 | 0.1 | $(2.0)$ | $(1.0)$ | 3.4 |
| Equity income | 0.4 | 0.9 | 1.1 | 1.6 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.7 | 0.4 |
| Functional Materials | 6.4 | 13.7 | 20.2 | 28.4 | 4.8 | 6.2 | 9.5 | 13.0 |
| Equity income | 0.4 | 0.8 | 1.2 | 1.9 | 0.1 | $(0.3)$ | $(0.1)$ | 0.8 |
| Power and Renewable Energy | 0.8 | 0.4 | $(0.5)$ | $(0.5)$ | 0.1 | $(0.5)$ | $(1.7)$ | $(17.3)$ |
| Equity income | 0.0 | $(0.0)$ | 0.3 | 0.6 | $(0.1)$ | $(0.2)$ | $(0.1)$ | $(0.1)$ |
| Resources |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| -Oil Exploration and | 6.7 | 8.6 | 12.2 | 17.8 | 2.2 | 2.5 | 5.2 | 6.8 |
| Production | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Equity income | 9.5 | 17.8 | 22.3 | 24.0 | 1.0 | 1.1 | $(0.7)$ | $(2.0)$ |
| -Coal | 0.1 | 0.4 | 0.7 | 0.9 | 0.4 | 0.7 | 0.6 | 0.6 |
| Equity income | $(1.8)$ | $(0.6)$ | $(1.5)$ | 1.5 | $(1.9)$ | $(2.1)$ | $(3.5)$ | $(5.7)$ |
| Others/Reconciliation | 0.6 | 1.3 | 1.9 | 5.4 | $(0.4)$ | $(0.0)$ | 0.1 | $(0.4)$ |
| Equity income | 31.1 | 69.7 | 96.7 | 63.1 | $(3.1)$ | 32.6 | 72.7 | 92.8 |
| Total | $(11.3)$ | $(11.6)$ | $(20.7)$ | $(22.4)$ | $(26.7)$ | $(28.3)$ | $(36.0)$ | $(39.8)$ |

## Sales and Production

■ Sales Volume(Petroleum Segment)
[Thousand KL,\%]

|  | FY 2019 | FY 2020 | Change |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Gasoline | 14,119 | 12,764 | $(1,355)$ | $(9.6 \%)$ |
| Naphtha | 265 | 305 | 40 | $15.0 \%$ |
| Jet Fuel | 2,531 | 1,372 | $(1,159)$ | $(45.8 \%)$ |
| Kerosene | 3,940 | 4,287 | 347 | $8.8 \%$ |
| Diesel Oil | 10,585 | 9,872 | $(713)$ | $(6.7 \%)$ |
| Heavy Fuel Oil A | 3,335 | 3,316 | $(19)$ | $(0.6 \%)$ |
| Heavy Fuel Oil C | 2,304 | 2,128 | $(176)$ | $(7.6 \%)$ |
| Total Domestic <br> Sales Volume | 37,079 | 34,045 | $\mathbf{( 3 , 0 3 4 )}$ | $\mathbf{( 8 . 2 \% )}$ |
| Exported Volume | 7,286 | 4,990 | $(2,296)$ | $(31.5 \%)$ |
| Total Sales Volume | 44,365 | $\mathbf{3 9 , 0 3 5}$ | $\mathbf{( 5 , 3 3 0 )}$ | $\mathbf{( 1 2 . 0 \% )}$ |

*Bond jet fuel and Bond heavy fuel oil C are included in the exported volume

## Sales and Production

- Sales Volume (Basic Chemicals Segment)
[Thousand tons,\%]

|  | FY 2019 | FY 2020 | Change |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Basic Chemicals | 4,065 | 3,607 | $(458)$ | $(11.3 \%)$ |

■ Sales Volume (Functional Materials Segment) [Thousand KL, Thousand tons,\%]

|  | FY 2019 | FY 2020 | Change |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Lubricants | 1,192 | 1,089 | $(103)$ | $(8.7 \%)$ |
| Performance Chemicals | 620 | 628 | 8 | $1.3 \%$ |

*Includes sales of overseas licenses
*Lubricant oil sales volume excludes sales by Shell Lubricants Japan K.K.

■ Sales Volume (Power and Renewable Energy Segment)
[Million kWh,\%]

|  | FY 2019 | FY 2020 | Change |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Retail Power Sales | 2,903 | 3,789 | 886 | $30.5 \%$ |

## Sales and Production

■ Oil E\&P - Production Volume, including Gas (Resources Segment)
[Thousand BOED,\%]

|  | FY 2019 | FY 2020 | Change |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: |
| Norway | 20.9 | 23.1 | 2.2 | $10.5 \%$ |
| Vietnam | 0.0 | 0.9 | 0.9 | - |
| Total('O00BOED) | 20.9 | 24.0 | 3.1 | $14.7 \%$ |
| Total('O00BOE) | 7,622 | 8,785 | 1,163 | $15.3 \%$ |

*Figures based on interest owned by Idemitsu's resource development subsidiaries
■ Coal - Production Volume (Resources Segment)
[Thousand tons,\%]

|  | FY 2019 | FY 2020 | Change |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Ensham | 4,144 | 3,853 | $(292)$ | $(7.0 \%)$ |
| Muswellbrook | 1,177 | 985 | $(192)$ | $(16.3 \%)$ |
| Boggabri | 4,935 | 5,074 | 138 | $2.8 \%$ |
| Sub Total | $\mathbf{1 0 , 2 5 6}$ | $\mathbf{9 , 9 1 1}$ | $\mathbf{( 3 4 5 )}$ | $\mathbf{( 3 . 4 \% )}$ |
| Malinau | 1,256 | 1,203 | $(53)$ | $(4.2 \%)$ |
| Total Production Volume | $\mathbf{1 1 , 5 1 3}$ | $\mathbf{1 1 , 1 1 5}$ | $\mathbf{( 3 9 7 )}$ | $\mathbf{( 3 . 5 \% )}$ |

*Figures based on interest owned by Idemitsu Group
*Fiscal years for Oil Exploration and Production and Coal operations end in December

## Sales and Production - Forecast

■ Sales Volume(Petroleum Segment)
[Thousand KL,\%]

|  | FY 2020 | FY2021 | Change |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Gasoline | 12,764 | 13,230 | 466 | $3.6 \%$ |
| Naphtha | 305 | 100 | $(205)$ | $(67.2 \%)$ |
| Jet Fuel | 1,372 | 1,990 | 618 | $45.0 \%$ |
| Kerosene | 4,287 | 4,050 | $(237)$ | $(5.5 \%)$ |
| Diesel Oil | 9,872 | 10,210 | 338 | $3.4 \%$ |
| Heavy Fuel Oil A | 3,316 | 3,250 | $(66)$ | $(2.0 \%)$ |
| Heavy Fuel Oil C | 2,128 | 2,110 | $(18)$ | $(0.8 \%)$ |
| Total Domestic |  |  |  |  |
| Sales Volume | $\mathbf{3 4 , 0 4 5}$ | $\mathbf{3 4 , 9 4 0}$ | $\mathbf{8 9 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 . 6 \%}$ |
| Exported Volume | 4,990 | 6,690 | 1,700 | $34.1 \%$ |
| Total Sales Volume | $\mathbf{3 9 , 0 3 5}$ | $\mathbf{4 1 , 6 3 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 5 9 5}$ | $\mathbf{6 . 6 \%}$ |

*Bond jet fuel and Bond heavy fuel oil C are included in the exported volume

## Sales and Production - Forecast

■ Sales Volume (Basic Chemicals Segment)
[Thousand tons,\%]

|  | FY 2020 | FY2021 | Change |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Basic Chemicals | 3,607 | 4,090 | 483 | $13.4 \%$ |

■ Sales Volume (Functional Materials Segment) [Thousand KL, Thousand tons,\%]

|  | FY 2020 | FY2021 | Change |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Lubricants | 1,089 | 1,240 | 151 | $13.9 \%$ |
| Performance Chemicals | 628 | 770 | 142 | $22.6 \%$ |

*Includes sales of overseas licenses
*Lubricant oil sales volume excludes sales by Shell Lubricants Japan K.K.

■ Sales Volume (Power and Renewable Energy Segment)
[Million kWh,\%]

|  | FY 2020 | FY2021 | Change |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Retail Power Sales | 3,789 | 4,240 | 451 | $11.9 \%$ |

## Sales and Production - Forecast

■ Oil E\&P Production Volume, including Gas (Resources Segment)

|  | FY 2020 | FY2021 |  | Chausand BOED, |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: |
| Norway | 23.1 | 25.1 | 2.0 | $8.4 \%$ |  |
| Vietnam | 0.9 | 14.5 | 13.6 | $1,563.2 \%$ |  |
| Total('OOOBOED) | 24.0 | 39.5 | 15.6 | $64.9 \%$ |  |
| Total('OOOBOE) | 8,785 | 14,430 | 5,645 | $64.2 \%$ |  |

*Figures based on interest owned by Idemitsu's resource development subsidiaries
■ Coal Production Volume (Resources Segment)
[Thousand tons,\%]

|  | FY 2020 | FY2021 | Change |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Ensham | 3,853 | 4,570 | 717 | $18.6 \%$ |
| Muswellbrook | 985 | 1,210 | 225 | $22.8 \%$ |
| Boggabri | 5,074 | 5,600 | 526 | $10.4 \%$ |
| Sub Total | $\mathbf{9 , 9 1 1}$ | $\mathbf{1 1 , 3 8 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 4 6 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 4 . 8 \%}$ |
| Malinau | 1,203 | 1,050 | $(153)$ | $(12.7 \%)$ |
| Total Production Volume | $\mathbf{1 1 , 1 1 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 , 4 3 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 3 1 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 1 . 8 \%}$ |

*Figures based on interest owned by Idemitsu Group
*Fiscal years for Oil Exploration and Production and Coal operations end in December

## Sensitivity

- Impact on FY earnings

| Items | Range | Impact on earnings |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Crude <br> Oil | $\begin{gathered} 1 \$ / b b l \\ \text { Decrease } \end{gathered}$ | Petroleum ( $¥ 4.0$ billion) $\neq 1.0$ billion Fuel cost, etc. Inventory impact $(\neq 5.0$ billion) |
|  |  | Oil Exploration \& Production ( $¥ 1.0$ billion) |
| Foreign ExchangeJPY/USD | 1 JPY/\$ Appreciation | Petroleum( $¥ 2.5$ billion)$\neq 0.5$ billionFues cost, etc. $\quad$Inventory impact $(¥ 3.0$ billion) |
|  |  | Basic Chemicals ( $¥ 0.5$ billion) |

*In addition to the above, the resources businesses are impacted by fluctuations in exchange rates with other currencies (NOK, AUD, etc.)

## Crude Oil Prices (Dubai and Brent)



## Gasoline - Crude Oil (Domestic spot prices and Spreads)



## Diesel Oil - Crude Oil (Domestic spot prices and Spreads)



## Gasoline - Crude Oil (Singapore spot prices and Spreads)

[USD/bbl] Prices
Spreads [USD/bbl]


## Diesel Oil - Crude Oil (Singapore Spot prices and Spreads)

## [USD/bbl] Prices

Spreads [USD/bbl]


## Paraxylene, Mixed xylene - Naphtha (Prices and Spreads)



## Styrene Monomer - Naphtha (Prices and Spreads)



## Operational data

## ■ Refineries Utilization

|  | FY 2016 | FY 2017 | FY 2018 | FY 2019 | FY 2020 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Idemitsu <br> Kosan | $88 \%$ | $88 \%$ | $88 \%$ |  |  |
| Former <br> Showa Shell | $85 \%$ | $88 \%$ | $93 \%$ | $87 \%$ | $78 \%$ |

* Utilization rate based on BCD

■ Number of Service Stations

|  | FY 2016 | FY 2017 | FY 2018 | FY 2019 | FY 2020 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Idemitsu <br> Kosan | 3,589 | 3,545 | 3,501 | 3,446 | 3,426 |
| Former <br> Showa Shell | 3,123 | 3,028 | 2,964 | 2,938 | 2,885 |
| Total | 6,712 | 6,573 | 6,465 | 6,384 | 6,311 |

## Precaution statement about forecasts

Any information about forecasts for the Company's operating results, management strategy and management policy contained in this documents other than historical facts is prepared, according to judgments made by the top management of the Company based on information available as of the publication of the document.

Actual business environments contain potential risk factors and uncertainties including economic situations, crude oil prices, trends in petroleum products, market conditions, currency exchange rates and interest rates.

Consequently, actual operating results of the Company may substantially differ from forecasts due to changes in the important factors mentioned above.


[^0]:    *Fiscal years for Australian coal operations and Oil Exploration and Production included in the Resources Business end in December

[^1]:    ※While some inventory impact may arise if FY21 crude oil price stabilizes at $\$ 60$, such impact is not included in forecasts

[^2]:    *Fiscal years for Australian coal operations and Oil Exploration and Production included in the Resources Business end in December

[^3]:    *Fiscal years for Australian coal operations and Oil Exploration and Production included in the Resources Business end in December

